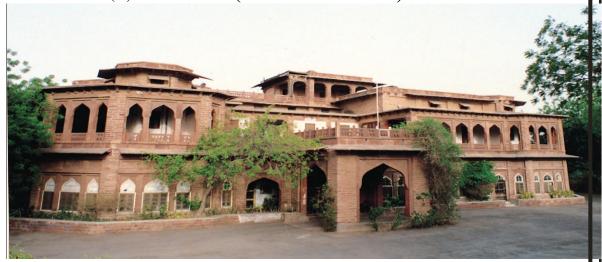
SYLLABUS

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. (FIDC)
(Five Year Course in Law)
Semester System Examination in Law

- (A) First Year (I & II Semester)- 2019-20
- (B) Second Year (III & IV Semester)- 2020-21
- (C) Third Year (V & VI Semester)- 2021-22
- (D) Fourth Year (VII & VIII Semester)- 2022-23
- (E) Fifth Year (IX & X Semester) 2023-24





JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY JODHPUR

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

[Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9-2-84]

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorised pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not conform to the above specification.

[Ref. Res. No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990]

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75% attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

REGISTRAR (Academic)

FACULTY OF LAW LIST OF TEACHING STAFF

S.No.	Name Designation Qualification		Qualification
1.	Prof. (Miss) Chandan Bala	Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
2.	Prof. V.K. Sharma	Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
3.	Dr. Sunil Asopa	Associate Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
4.	Dr. V.K. Bagoria	Assistant Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
5.	Dr. S.P. Meena	Assistant Professor	LL.M., DCLL, Ph.D.
6.	Dr. Nidhi Sandal	Assistant Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
7.	Dr. Dalpat Singh	Assistant Professor	LL.M., DCLL, Ph.D.
8.	Dr. P.K. Musha	Assistant Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
9.	Dr. Kuchata Ram	Assistant Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.
10.	Dr. Vinod Kumar Meena	Assistant Professor	LL.M., Ph.D.

Format of Question Paper (From Examination 2019-2020)

B.A.LL.B. & B.B.A. LL.B. - I to X Semester

Durations 3 Hours Max. Marks: 50

Section-A

One questions from each Unit. Each question carry 3 mark. Answer of each question shall be limited upto 200 words.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Section-B

10 Question will be asked (Two questions from each Unit with internal choice). Students will answer one question from each Unit. Each question will carry 7 marks. Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1 1 Question A or B
 - Unit 2
- 2 Question A or B
 - Unit 3
- 3 Question A or B
 - Unit 4
- 4 Question A or B
 - Unit 5
- 5 Question A or B

Five year Integrated Courses

Pattern of Examinations From 2019-20

For Semesters I to X

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit in the order of units. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B: There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

For a pass, a candidate must obtain:

- (a) 40 percent marks in each written, paper, i,e 20 out of 50 and in aggregate 40 percent marks in individual paper.
- (b) 50 percent marks in aggregate in all the papers.
- (A) **Introduction:** Faculty of Law, Jai Narain Vyas University is a mission driven institution. It is among the oldest Law School of North India. Since, its inception as an erstwhile Jaswant Law Centre, it has produced a galaxy of Legal Luminaries including Judges of Supreme Court, High Court, diplomats, eminent politicians and legislators together with top beaurocrates in the Country.

Jai Narin Vyas University has already been accredited with 'B' grade status by (UGC) NAAC. Banking upon its history of quality research along with long and excellent teaching experience, it is going to introduce new five year integrated law course from the academic year 2011-2012 to prepare new generation of Law students who can successfully meet the challenges thrown by fast changing social cultural and legal milieu in a unipolar globalized world.

Apart from producing successful lawyers and legal researchers, it is dedicated to nurturing students in to leadership inculcating in them the intellectual and ethical values that will mould them into socially responsible professionals, proficient in the dynamic domain of Law. Legal education is increasingly becoming multidimensional as it requires not only procedural skill but deep understanding in various epistemologies. For this integrated degree courses like law and management or Law and Social Sciences or Law and Natural Science are becoming popular and assuming much importance in the corporate world. Legal skills are now mixed with management or scientific analytical skills to advance the rational judicial system, with this backdrop, the new curriculum of five year integrated courses in Law is based upon these paradigms.

This course will run on Self-Finance Basis.

(B) General Instructions for the Five Year BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional)

Degree in the Faculty of Law: Whereas the Bar Council of India in exercise of its powers under section 7(b) and (i), 24 & 49(i) of the Advocates Act, 1961 and all other powers enabling it to lay down standards of legal education in the country for the purpose of admission to the Bar, has originally prepared a new scheme for legal education in 1981-82 and has updated/revised it from time to time and directed the universities to implement the same in consonance with the rules framed, and whereas the JN Vyas University which already implemented the scheme in 1983-84 and continued it up to 1991 & then closed it for some extraneous considerations. It has again decided to reintroduce the scheme with modifications / alterations in consonance with the rules and regulations framed for the purpose by BCI.

The Degree of Bachelor of Law: There shall be a Five Year Course of the degree of BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional) in the JN Vyas University, Jodhpur. The University shall confer the Degree of BA LL.B./BBA LL.B. (Professional) on such candidates who, being eligible for admission to the five year LL.B. Degree Course, have received regular instructions in the prescribed course of study, under gone required practical training, passed all the prescribed examinations and have fulfilled such other conditions as are laid down under the relevant Act, statutes and Regulations of the University from time to time.

The Five year course for the Degree of BA. LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional) on Semester basis shall be introduced w.e.f. the Academic Session 2011-2012.

Explanation: A regular course of study includes the prescribed percentage of attendance by the candidates in the lectures, tutorials, moot courts and practical training and also study in the library, contact with the teachers as may be prescribed from time to time by the Dean, Faculty of Law.

Admission can not be claimed by any candidate as a matter of right. The Dean may refuse admission to any candidate on moral grounds. The admission of a student is liable to be cancelled if he/she at any time violates the provisions of the University Act, Statutes, Regulations, Rules or Orders of the Faculty and the University or if he/she is found to have been convicted of a crime or involved in any criminal activity or if it is discovered that he/she has furnished wrong information or false documents for the purpose of his/her admission.

Admission Requirement

Eligibility and Admission (a) A candidate who has passed 10+2 qualifying examination with 50% marks or more may opt either B.A. LL.B. Course or BBA LL.B. Courses. In both the streams in the First Four Semesters there shall be some core courses and optional courses. Candidates of both the streams i.e. B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. are required to clear common papers in addition to their optional papers. After passing the first Four Semesters of LL.B. Examination from 5th Semester of LL.B. onwards, the main regular Law papers as prescribed by the Bar Council of India shall be taught.

(b) That in the case of candidates belonging to scheduled castes or scheduled tribes a relaxation up to 5 percent in marks in qualifying examination shall be given. The candidates who have passed in supplementary of the qualifying examination shall not be eligible for

admission. Admission shall be made on the basis of merit and in the manner prescribed by the University.

Fees: Candidates on being provisionally admitted to the First Semester of Five Year BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. Degree Course, shall pay a total annual fee of Rs. 38000/- (Tuition Rs. 28000, Admission Rs. 4,000, Library Rs. 4,000 and caution money Rs. 2000, total Rs. 46990) excluding university fee & Examination Fee.

Number of Students to be admitted: Initially 60 students shall be given admission in the First Semester in each stream i.e. B.A. LL.B. & BBA LL.B. of 5 year integrated course in law i.e. total 120 students shall be given admission.

Attendance: In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfill 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75% attendance of a student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

Medium of Instruction and Examination: The medium of instruction and scheme of examination shall be English.

Scheme of Examination: Each paper shall be of 100 marks; however the scheme of examination for 100 marks is divided as under

Note: - Total Marks for Each Paper will be as under :-

Theory Marks	Test Marks	Project / Moot Court/Camp Marks	Total Marks
50	30	20	100

- L Stands for Lecture of 55 minutes
- T Stands for Tutorials
- P Stands for Project

Scheme of Internal Examination:

There will be one test of 30 marks in each paper in each semester. Any student who could not remain present in any test due to any genuine reason will be given an opportunity to appear in the Test organized for Defaulters subject to satisfaction of Head of the Department. For defaulters test student have to furnish evidence in support of his abstinence from Main Internal Tests. For all such defaulter candidate only one defaulter test will be organized on a notified date.

Students will have to prepare projects/submissions for Moot Courts as the case may be for the papers as assigned to them by their teachers. 10 marks will be for Project/Moot Court preparation and 10 marks for presentation.

In paper 6th of Seventh Semester i.e. Professional Ethics, Advocacy for Lawyers and Bar Bench Relations, Public Interest Lawyering and Para Legal Services in place of project, the students will have to attend one Legal Aid Camp which will be organized by the Faculty of Law.

A Candidate has to secure 40% marks in theory paper i.e. 20 out of 50 and 40% in aggregate of the theory and internal assessment i.e. test, project/moot court in each paper to clear that paper.

A candidate who has secured minimum 40% marks in aggregate in each paper and 50% in aggregate of all the subjects will be declared passed.

Division- The Division shall be awarded to a successful candidate on the basis of marks of all the examinations in respect of all the Semesters and will be given second division and who has secured 60% and more marks will be given first division.

Course Design

A candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Law (Professional) shall undertake the following course for which the syllabus in detail is as under:

The Course is divided for students opting either B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B, however both categories of students are required to study certain common compulsory subjects with their optional subjects in the Semester of Five Year LL.B. Courses.

SEMESTER - I

Course		Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code			Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.1.1	Compulsory	General English	100	3	4	1
5.1.2	Compulsory	Legal Methods	100	3	4	1
5.1.3	Compulsory	History of Courts and Legal Profession in	100	3	4	1
		India				
5.1.4	Compulsory	Law of Torts	100	3	4	1
5.1.5	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science (Major)	100	3	4	1
5.1.6	B.A. LL.B.	Sociology	100	3	4	1
5.1.7	B.A. LL.B.	Economics	100	3	4	1
5.1.8	B.B.A. LL.B.	Organization and Management (Major)	100	3	4	1
3.1.7	B.B.A. LL.B.	Fundamental of Accounting	100	3	4	1
5.1.10	B.B.A. LL.B.	Managerial Economics	100	3	4	1

SEMESTER - II

Course		Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
C	ode		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.2.1	Compulsory	General English	100	3	4	1
5.2.2	Compulsory	Jurisprudence	100	3	4	1
5.2.3	Compulsory	History of Legislatures and Constitutional	100	3	4	1
		History of India				
5.2.1	Compulsory	Law of Torts and Consumer Protection	100	3	4	1
5.2.5	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science (Major)	100	3	4	1
5.2.6	B.A. LL.B.	Sociology	100	3	4	1
5.2.7	B.A. LL.B.	Indian Economics	100	3	4	1
5.2.8	B.B.A. LL.B.	Functional Areas of Management (Major)	100	3	4	1
3.2.9	B.B.A. LL.B.	Cost Accounting	100	3	4	1
5.2.10	B.B.A. LL.B.	Financial Management	100	3	4	1

SEMESTER - III

Course		Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
C	ode		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.3.1	Compulsory	English	100	3	4	1
5.3.2	Compulsory	Constitutional Law of India	100	3	4	1
5.3.3	Compulsory	Law of Evidence	100	3	4	1
5.3.4	Compulsory	Law Contract-I (General Principles and	100	3	4	1
		Specific Relief)				
5.3.5	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science (Major)	100	3	4	1
5.3.6	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science	100	3	4	1
5.3.7	B.A. LL.B.	Sociology	100	3	4	1
5.3.8	B.B.A. LL.B.	Organisational Behaviour (Major)	100	3	4	1
3.3.3	B.B.A. LL.B.	Financial Accounting	100	3	4	1
5.3.10	B.B.A. LL.B.	Banking Theory & Practice	100	3	4	1

SEMESTER – IV

Course		Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
C	Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.4.1	Compulsory	English	100	3	4	1
5.4.2	Compulsory	Constitutional Law of India	100	3	4	1
5.4.3	Compulsory	Law of Evidence and Limitation	100	3	4	1
5.4.4	Compulsory	Law of Contract-II (Specific Contracts)	100	3	4	1
5.4.5	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science (Major)	100	3	4	1
5.4.6	B.A. LL.B.	Political Science	100	3	4	1
5.4.7	B.A. LL.B.	Sociology	100	3	4	1
5.4.8	B.B.A. LL.B.	Strategic Management (Major)	100	3	4	1
5.4.9	B.B.A. LL.B.	Auditing	100	3	4	1
5.4.10	B.B.A. LL.B.	Financial Market Operations	100	3	4	1

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER - V

Course	Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.5.1	Family Law (Hindu Law)	100	3	4	1
5.5.2	Public International Law	100	3	4	1
5.5.3	Criminal Procedure Code, Juvenile Justice and Law of Probation	100	3	4	1
5.5.4	Administrative Law	100	3	4	1
5.5.5	Law of Crimes	100	3	4	1
5.5.6 (A)	Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship				
OR	OR	100	3	4	1
5.5.6 (B)	Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)				
5.5.7	French Language	100	3	4	1

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER – VI

Course Code	Subjects	Maximum Marks	Examination Hours	Period Per Week	T/P Per Week
5.6.1	Family Law (Hindu Law)	100	3	4	1
5.6.2	Public International Law and Human Rights	100	3	4	1
5.6.3	Criminal Procedure Code, Juvenile Justice and Law of Probation	100	3	4	1
5.6.4	Administrative Law, Right to Information Act and Public Service	100	3	4	1
	Guarantee Act (Rajasthan)				
5.6.5	Law of Crimes	100	3	4	1
5.6.6 (A)	Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship and Rajasthan Society Registration Act, 1958 OR	100	3	4	1
OR 5.6.6 (B)	Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)				-

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER - VII

Course	Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.7.1	Family Law II (Mohammedan Law)	100	3	4	1
5.7.2	Company Law	100	3	4	1
5.7.3	Labour & Industrial Law	100	3	4	1
5.7.4 (A)	Land Laws				
OR	OR	100	3	4	1
5.7.4 (B)	Criminology, Penology & Victimology				
5.7.5	Law relating to Intellectual Property	100	3	4	1
5.7.6	Professional Ethics Advocacy for Lawyers and Bar –Bench	100	3	4	1
	Relations, Public Interest Lawering, Legal Aid and Para Legal				
	Services				

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER - VIII

Course	Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.8.1	Family Law II (Mohammedan Law)	100	3	4	1
5.8.2	Company Law and Negotiable Instrument Act	100	3	4	1
5.8.3	Labour & Industrial Law	100	3	4	1
5.8.4	Law relating to Intellectual Property	100	3	4	1
5.8.5	Cyber Law, Information Technology Act and Space Law	100	3	4	1
5.8.6	Principles of Legislation and Interpretation of Statues	100	3	4	1

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER – IX

Course	Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.9.1	Law of Property	100	3	4	1
5.9.2	Civil Procedure Code	100	3	4	1
5.9.3	Environment Protection and Law	100	3	4	1
5.9.4	Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternative Mechanism and Competition Act	100	3	4	1
5.9.5	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing	100	3	4	1

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER - X

Course	Subjects	Maximum	Examination	Period Per	T/P
Code		Marks	Hours	Week	Per Week
5.10.1	Property Law and Easement	100	3	4	1
5.10.2	Civil Procedure Code and Law of Limitation	100	3	4	1
5.10.3	Trade Law Including International Trade Laws	100	3	4	1
5.10.4	Law relating to Child, Women and Gender Justice	100	3	4	1
5.10.5	Banking Laws	100	3	4	1
5.10.6	Law of Taxation (Income Tax) and Money Laundering Act	100	3	4	1

Scheme for Project/Moot Court/Camp/Court Visit for V-Semester to X – Semester

- (A) Scheme of Examination: Each paper shall be of 100 marks, however the scheme of examination for 100 marks is divided as under:
 - (i) Every student is required to participate in one Moot Court in one semester. For participation in each Moot Court will be of 20 marks.
 - The breakup of marks for award out of 20 marks shall be as follows: 12 marks for presentation, 4 marks for written submission and 4 marks for general etiquettes and dress code (12+4+4=20 marks).
 - (ii) The cases for Moot Courts shall be selected either from the leading cases prescribed in each paper or any case or cases suggested by the concerned teacher of the concerned subject.

In Semester 5.5 (Fifth Semester)

- 1. In place of Moot Courts in Papers 5.5.6 (A) Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship **OR** 5.6.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment) students will submit their projects assigned by their teachers carrying 20 marks on rest of the subjects, students will have to appear in Moot Courts which will be of 20 marks.
- 2. In Paper 5.5.7 (French Language) students will submit their projects assigned by their teachers carrying 20 marks in rest of the subjects, students will have to appear in Moot Courts which will be of 20 marks.
- 3. French language paper is added as foreign language which is required for Five Years LL.B. students. Candidates are required to secure passing marks 40%. French language paper will be in V Semester. There shall be Two tests of 15 marks each (15x2 = 30). There will also be one project work of 20 marks. Marks allotted for final written examination at the end of the Semester are 50.
- 4. Total marks 30 + 20 + 50 = 100 marks
- 5. Marks of French language paper will not be added in the total marks of the candidates.

In Semester 5.6 (Sixth Semester)

In place of Moot Courts in Papers 5.5.6 (A) Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship and Rajasthan Society Registration Act, 1958 **OR** 5.6.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment), the students will submit Projects assigned to them by their teachers, which will be of 20 marks in rest of the papers, students will have to appear in Moot Courts which will carry 20 marks.

In Semester 5.7 (Seventh Semester)

In paper 5.7.6 i.e. Professional Ethics, Advocacy for Lawyers and Bar Bench Relations, Public Interest Lawyering and Para Legal Services in place of project, the students will have to attend **one Legal Aid Camp** which will be organized by the Faculty of Law.

In place of Moot Court, the students will submit Projects in 5.7.4 (B) Criminology, Penology & Victimology.

In rest of the subjects they will have to appear in Moot Court which will be of 20 marks.

In Semester 5.8 (Eighth Semester)

In place of Moot Court, students will submit Projects in 5.8.6 Principles of Legislation, which will be of 20 marks. In rest of the Papers, they will have to appear in Moot Court which will be of 20 marks.

In Semester 5.9 (Ninth Semester)

In place of Moot Court, the students will submit Projects in Paper 5.9.3. Environmental Protection and Law, 5.9.4. Arbitration and 5.9.5 Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing.

In Paper 5.9.5 Drafting, Pleading & Conveyancing Project marks will be of 10 marks only and 10 marks will remain reserved for Court Visit.

In Semester 5.10 (Tenth Semester)

In place of Moot Court, the students will submit Project in paper 5.10.3 Trade Law including International Trade Laws, 5.10.4 Law Relating to Child, Women and Gender Justice and 5.10.5 Banking Law Laws and 5.10.6 Law of Taxation (Income Tax) and Money Laundering Act. In rest of the papers, they will have to appear in Moot Courts.

In Paper 5.10.3 Trade Law including International Trade Laws project will be of 10 marks only and 10 marks will remain reserved for Court Visit.

There shall be Court Visit and Training under a Lawyer for IX & X Semesters students. The students have to get training in court report it in their diary. This will be of 10 marks.

The Five Year Degree Course of B.A. LL.B. / BBA LL.B. will consist of Ten Semesters. One academic session of one year will be divided into two Semesters. Candidates shall be admitted to B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. in First Semester only and thereafter required to qualify all Ten Semesters, consequently to earn the degree of B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. After admission in Semester- I, candidate shall be admitted to the next Semester only after having qualified the present Semester as per the criteria laid down in the scheme of examinations.

Note: (1) Students will be required to take admission in all respective Semesters by applying in the prescribed admission form of the University. (2) Each student will be required to

submit the examination form in each Semester along with the examination fee as prescribed. (3) Semester examinations will be held in the month of December and May every year.

The Promotion: A candidate will be promoted in the next semester if he/she fails in only three papers in the examination of the semester and obtained 50 % marks in aggregate in rest of the papers or in the case of the candidates failing in the aggregate only and secured 50% percent marks in the rest of the papers excluding the paper in which they have secured lowest marks.

Such candidates may be permitted to make-up the deficiency at subsequent but regular and scheduled programmes / examinations only. Subsequent examinations of the respective semesters will be treated as main examination. There shall be no make-up or special examination for making up such deficiency.

Also a candidates appearing at an examination to make up the deficiency shall have to appear at such examination based on the Course of Studies in force at the time, unless the paper itself no longer forms the part of the course of the studies. In such eventuality the course of the study soon before the deletion shall be deemed to be relevant. However, the department shall have no responsibility to organize and impart teaching in the paper in which the candidate has deficiency.

Those candidates who appeared at the subsequent examination for clearing the deficiency shall be awarded actual marks obtained.

The candidate who fails at main written examination and re-appears as ex-student shall not be required to clear the written tests / Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training/ Legal Aid Camps respectively. If he/she was already completed the above referred requirements and passed.

In such cases the marks obtained in the previous examination shall be carried forward.

A candidate failing to pass any of the Semester Examination will be exempted to reappear in that specific paper in which he/she has obtained 60% or more. The consolidated mark sheet of B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. will be issued and the degree will be awarded only after completing all the requirements i.e. passing in aggregate in all the main written examinations of all the Ten Semester, and passing the three written tests in each Semester along with Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training / Legal Aid Camps respectively. Thus to clear a semester a candidate is required to get minimum 50% marks in aggregate inclusive of marks obtained in the written tests, Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training / Legal Aid Camps respectively. However a minimum of 40% marks is required in each individual subject.

Note 1: For grace-marks and revaluation the rules and regulations declared by the University from time to time will be applicable.

Note 2: All candidates will have to complete all the requirements of the B.A. LL.B./BBA LL.B. within 10 Semesters.

B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. degree will be awarded out of 6300 marks

B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	I	700 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	II	700 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	III	700 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	IV	700 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	V	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	VI	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	VII	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	VIII	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	IX	500 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester	X	600 Marks

Total 6300 Marks

I SEMESTER

COMPULSORY PAPERS

5.1.1 - GENERAL ENGLISH

Unit 1 Vocabulary:

- (a) Legal terms as under:-
- 1. ab initio (from the beginning)
- 2. actus reus (wrongful act)
- 3. ad interim (in the mean time)
- 4. ad Item (for the suit)
- 5. ad Valorem (according to the)
- 6. alibi (plea of being elsewhere)
- 7. amicus curiae (friend of the court)
- 8. animus (intention)
- 9. audi alteram partem (here the other side)
- 10. caveat emptor (Buyer be aware)
- 11. consensus ad idem (agreement by two persons the same thing in the same sense)
- 12. damum sine injuria (damages without injury)
- 13. de facto (in fact)
- 14. de jure (in law)
- 15. decree nisi (a decree which takes effect after a specified period)
- 16. dalegatus non potest delegare (a delegated power cannot be further delegated)
- 17. doli in capax (incapable in malice)
- 18. donation moritis causa (gift by a person on the death bed)
- 19. edjusdem generis (of the same category)
- 20. eminent domain (the supreme right)
- 21. ex-officio (by virtue of an office)
- 22. ex-parte (not in the presence of the opposite party)
- 23. ex post facto (by subsequent act)
- 24. factum valet (the fact which cannot be altered)
- 25. fait accompli (an accomplished fact)
- 26. ignorentia legis nominem exusat (ignorance of law is no excuse)
- 27. in pari material (in an analogous case, cause or position)
- 28. injuria sine damnum (injury without damages)

- 29. intra vires (within the powers)
- 30. just terti (the right of a third party)
- 31. lis pendens (pending suit)
- 32. mense profits (the profits received by a person in wrongful possession)
- 33. namo dat qod non habet (no man can transfer better title than he himself has)
- 34. namo degat bis vexari pro una et oadim causa (no man be twice vexed for the same cause)
- 35. nemo in propria causa judrex esse debe (no one ought to be a judge in his own cause)
- 36. nell prosequi (to be unwilling to prosecute)
- 37. obiter dicta (an opinion of law not necessary to the decision)
- 38. onus probandi (the burden of proof)
- 39. pacta sunt sevanda (pacts must be respected)
- 40. pendent elite (during litigation)
- 41. per capita (counting heads)
- 42. pro bono punlico(for the public good)
- 43. ratio decidendi (grounds for decision, principle of the case)
- 44. res gastae (connected facts forming the part of the same transaction)
- 45. res ipsa loquitur (the thing speaks for itself)
- 46. res judicata (a matter already adjudicated upon)
- 47. res nullius (an ownerless thing)
- 48. rule nisi (a rule or order upn condition that is not to become absolute when cause is shown to the contrary)
- 49. status quo (existing position)
- 50. sub judice (in course of adjudication)
- 51. sui juris (in one's own right)
- 52. suo motu (of one's own accord)
- 53. ubi jus ibi remedium (where there is a right there is a remedy)
- 54. ultra vires (beyond the powers of) volenti non fit injuria (risk taken voluntarily not actionable)
- (b) Expressions from foreign languages

Unit 2 Synonyms and Antonyms One Word Substitutes Unit 3 Phrasal Verbs Idioms Tag questions

Unit 4 Tense Aspects, Verb Patterns, Determiners, Modals, Translation from English to Hindi, Hindi to English

Unit 5 Comprehension of a Legal Passage and Answer of Questions

Note: Participation in class activity will get extra weight/age.

Book recommended:

A Book of Legal Essay/Judgements

S.Pit, Corder: An Intermediate English Practice Book (Orient Longman)

John Seely: Writing Report (OUP)

Tickoo and Sasi Kumar: Writing with a Purpose (OUP)

Dr. Ganga Sahai Sharma: Legal Language, Legal Writing and General English.

Dr. Anirudh Prasad: Outlines of Legal Language in India.

R.L. Jain: Legal Language.

5.1.2 - LEGAL METHODS

- Unit 1 Concept, meaning, definition and functions of law, concept of justice, stability and peaceful change
- Unit 2 Classification and kinds of Law International Law and Municipal Law, Public Law and Private Law.
- Unit 3 Principles and Sources of Law:
 - (a) Basic Concepts of Indian Legal System, Rule of Law, Separation of Powers, Constitutionalism, Principles of Natural Justice.
 - (b) Sources of Law: Custom, Legislation, Precedent and Equity as Sources of Law
- Unit 4 Legislative Procedure: Kinds of Bills, Kinds of Legislations, Supreme and Subordinate, Meaning and Kinds of delegated legislation, reasons for its growth conditional legislation and sub delegation, safeguards against delegated legislation

Unit 5 Legal Research:

- (a) Meaning and Significance of Legal Research, Qualities of a Good Legal Researcher. Steps of Legal Research, Methods of Legal Research, Doctrinal & Non Doctrinal Legal Research.
- (b) Legal Reserch Reporting Writing: Its Importance, Footnotes, Bibliography, Appendix, Index.

Book Recommanded:

Avtar Singh Jurisprudence

Glaniville Williams Jurisprudence

B.M. Tripathi Jurisprudence

Cardozo Nature of Radical Process

I.L.I. Publication on Legal Research

Salmond: Jurisprudence

Dias : Jurisprudence

Dhani S.N.: Jurisprudence A Study in Indian Legal Theory

Mahajan V.D.: Jurisprudence Legal Theory

Agarwal Nomita : Jurisprudence Bodenhemier - : Jurisprudence

Julius Stone: Province of Jurisprudence

Dr. H.N. Tiwari: Legal Research

Dr. S.R. Myneni: Legal Research Methodoloy

5.1.3 - HISTORY OF COURTS AND LEGAL PROFESSION IN INDIA

Unit 1 Courts:

Administration of Justice in the Presidency Towns (1600-1773) and the development of Courts and

Warren Hastings Plan of 1772 and the Adalat System of Courts Reforms made under the Plan of 1774 and re-organisation made in the Plan of 1780.

Unit 2 Courts:

Regulating Act of 1773_ Supreme Court a Calcutta- its composition, power and functions-Failure of the Court-Act of 1781_Supreme Court vis-à-vis Mofussil Courts, Trial of Raja Nand Kumar, Patna Case & Cossijurah Case.

Judicial measures of Cornwallis 1787, 1790, 1793, progress of Adalat System under William Bantick.

Unit 3 Conflict arising out of the dual judicial system; Need for amalgamation of the two systems of courts; The Indian High Courts Act 1861; The Government of India Act, 1935.

Judicial Committee of Privy Council as a Court of Appeal and its jurisdiction to hear appeals from Indian decision; Abolition of the Jurisdiction of the Privy Council to hear appeals from Indian decisions.

Unit 4 Federal Court, Development of Criminal Law (1790-1861), Development of Law in Muffossil (Justice, Equity and good conscience) Law reform & Law Commission, I, II & III Law Commission Report, Lex loci Report.

Unit 5 Legal Profession:

Organisaton of Legal Profession under the Charter of 1774.

Legal Profession in Company Courts

Provision for enrolment of Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys under the Legal Practitioner's Act, 1853

High Courts under the Act of 1861 and provision for the enrolment of the advocates under the Letters patent issued

Legal practitioners Act, 1879; Report of the Indian Bar Committee, 1923

The Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926; The All India Bar Committee, 1951

History of Law Reporting in India

Suggested Readings:

Herbert Cowell: The History and Constitution of the Courts and Legislative Authority in India, 6th Ed., Rev. S.C. Bagchi, Calcutta, Macker, Spink, 1936.

Sir Courtenay Illbert: The government of India, 2nd Ed., London, OUP 1907.

M. P. Jain: Outline of India Legal History, Dhanwantra Mechanical Law Book House, Delhi.

A. B. Keith: A Constitutional History of India, 1600-1935, 2nd Ed., Allahabad, Central Book Depot. 1961.

Gwyer and Appadorai : Speeches and documents on the Indian Constitution, 1945-1947 (2 Vols.) London, OUP, 1957.

M. V. Pylee: Constitutional History of India, (1600-1950), Bombay, Asia, 1967.

5.1.4 - **LAW OF TORTS**

- Unit 1 Law of Torts in India: Nature and definition of tort, Distinction between Tort and contract; Tort and Quasi Contract; Tort and Crime. Constituents of tort-wrong-ful act, legal damage, legal remedy including maxims Ubi jus ibi remedium, Damnum sine Injuria, Injuria sine demno.
- Unit 2 General Principles of Liability: General elements in tort; mental elements in tort malice, intention and motive; Liability with fault & no fault liability; malfeasance, misfeasance and non-feasance.
- Unit 3 General Defences and justification for Torts: Capacity to sue and be sued. Tortfeasons Independent, joint and composite. The rights of tort feasors interse: contribution and indemnity between joint tortfeasons.
- Unit 4 Liability in Torts: Liability for wrongs committed by other or vicarious liability, liability by ratification, liability by relation, liability by abetment; principal and agent, partners, master and servant; vicarious liability of the state; Doctrine of common employment.
- Unit 5 Remedies in Tort: Remoteness of Damages, Novus actus interveniens, Measures of damages, Types of damages; Injunction; specific restitution; constitutional remedies.

Books Recommended:

Under Hill: A Summary of the Law of Trots

Ratanlal: The English and the Indian Law of Torts

Weinfield: Law of Tort Sinha, B. S.: Law of Torts

Karkara, G. S.: Law Relating to Contributory Negligence

Singh, S. P.: Law of Torts Bangia, R. K. Law of Torts Shukla, M. N.: Law of Torts Basu D. D.: Law of Torts

BA. LL.B.

5.1.5 - POLITICAL SCIENCE (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 Concept of State and Government (classical and modern): Plato's concept of ideal State. Aristotle's Best Practicable State and the classification of States.
- Unit 2 Machiavelli's concept of State, Bentham's idea of State and Representative Government.
- Unit 3 The sphere of State activity Representative Government. The sphere of State activity and governmental functions according to Idealism and individualism, and the functions and sphere of State activity according to the welfare State concept.
- Unit 4 Main tenets of Western liberalism. Old and New liberalism and its main tenets, merits and demerits of socialism; Main feature of Marxism, Is Marxism outdated?
- Unit 5 Main currents of Western Political Thought: The concept of Natural Law in mediaeval political thought (Cicero and St. Thomas Aquinas): The modernized theory of Natural Law: Althusins, Grotious and Hooker; Concept of Natural Law and Natural Right, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau

Suggested Readings:

Eddy Asirvatham: Political Theory

A. C. Kapur : Principles of Political Science G. H. Sabine : A History of Political Theory K. C. Wheare : Modern Constitutions

Carl Friedrich : Constitutional Government and Democracy Herman Finer : The Theory and Practice of Modern Government

Altekar : The State and Government in Ancient India V. P. Verma : Modern Indian Social and Political Though

G. N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organizations

Cyker: Recent Political Thought

Myron Winer : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India.

K.C. Wheare: Legislatures

Leslie Lipson : Great Issue of Politics : An Introduction of Political Science.

K. R. Bombwall: Indian Politics and Government U.N. Ghosal: A History of Indian Political Tradition K. P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Ideas

G. sawer: Modern Federalism

Pennock and Smith: Political Science: An Introduction

Garner: Political Science and Government

Rajeev Dhavan: The Supreme Court and the Parliamentary Sovereignty.

5.1.6 - SOCIOLOGY (General Principles)

Unit 1 Sociology as a Science:

- (a) Scope of Sociology
- (b) Data, concepts and theory,
- (c) The comparative method & Sociological perspective

Unit 2 Basic concepts in Sociology:

- (a) Society, Community & Association
- (b) Structure and function
- (c) Status and its role
- (d) Norms, values, Instruction, Folkways & Mores

Unit 3 Social Change and Development

- (a) Meaning, Nature and Theories of Social Change
- (b) Planned Social Change, Development & Progress
- (c) Social Stratifications
- (d) Order and Stability
- (e) Conflict & Change

Unit 4 India as a plural society: varieties of:

- (a) Customs and ways of life
- (b) Linguistic, religious and other communities
- (c) Unity & Diversity
- (d) Continuity & Change

Unit 5 Foundations of Indian Society

Karma, Purushartha, Ashrama, Vyavastha

Marriage & Family in India

Indian Cultural Values & Development

Recommended Source Materials:

Atal Yoges, Indian, Sociology, Changing Indian Society

Ahuja Ram, Social Problems in India, Jaipur, Rawat

Abrahams, Frames and J. N. Morgan, Sociological Thought Comte to Sorkin

Aron, Raymond, Main Current in Sociological Thoughts (Vol. I & II)

Desai, A. R., Rural Sociology in India

Gandhi J. S., Sociology of Legal Profession

P.N. Prabhu, Hindu Social Organization

Kapadia, K. M., Marriage Family in India

Bottomore, T.B.: Sociology, A Guide to Problems and Literature, London, Allen and Unwin, 1962

Peter, Worsley et al.: Introducing Society, Harmondsworth, pengin Books, 1970

Haralambos, M.: Sociology, Themes and Perspectives, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1981

Bose, N.K.: the Structure of Hindu Society, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1975

David, G. Mandelmaum: Society in India, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1972

Ramesh, Thapper (ed): Caste and Religion in India, New Delhi, Macmillan, 1977

Andre, Beteille: Inequility and Social Change, Delhi8, Oxford Univesity Press, 1981

Andre, beteille: The HBackward Classes and the New Social Order, Delhi, Oxford University, 1981.

Parbhu, P.N.: Hindu Social Organisation

Srivastava, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India Singhvi and N.K. goswami: Samaj Shastra Vivechan Andre, Betelilile: Vishamta aur Samajik Parivarian Yogendra Singh: Modernisation of Indian Tradition Yogendra Singh: Social Stratification and Change in India

5.1.7 - ECONOMICS

(Basic Economics)

- Unit -1 What is Economics and its relevance to Law. Central problem of every economy. Basic concepts demand, supply, revenue, cost, relationships between average and marginal.
- Unit 2 Theory of consumer behaviour : cardinal utility approach and indifference cure approach. Law of demand and elasticity of demand.
- Unit 3 Theory of production: Law of variable proportion, returns to scale, cost of production short run and long run cost curves.
- Unit 4 Markets: Price determination under perfect competition, monopoly and monopolistic completion. Factor price determination.
- Unit 5 Difference between micro and macro economics, National income concepts and measurement of national income consumption, saving and investment.

Recommended Source Materials

Alfred W. Stonier and Douglas C. Hague: The Essentials of Economics, London Longmans, 1955.

Ruddar Datt and Sunderam: Indian Economy, Delhi, S. Chand and Co., 1982

A.N. Agrawala: Indian Economics, New Delhi, Vikas, 1979

Paul Samuelson : Economics An Introductory analysis, International Students Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, Seventh Edition, 1961

Fredrthue Lewis: Theory of Economic Growth, unwin University Books, 1954, 9th Impression, 1970

V.Y. Gupta: Working of Stock Exchanges in India, Delhi, Thomson Press, 1972

S. Ghatak: Rural money markets in India, Delhi Macmillan, 1976

C.H. Hanumantiae Rao and P.C. Joshi : Reflections of Economic Development and Social Change, Essays in Honour of V.K. R.V. Rao, Allied, 1979

P.K. Chaudhari: the Indian Economy Powerty and Development, Vikas, 1978

C.T. Kurien: Poverty and Social Transformation, Allied, 1976

M.Dipton: Why Poor people Stay PoorUrban Bais in World Development, Heritage Publishers, New Delhi, 1980

Myrdal, Gunnar: The Challenge of World Poverty, penguin, 1971

Lakshmi Narian: Principles and Practice of Public Enterprise Management, S. Chand. 1980

Mahbub-Ul-Haq: the PowertyCertain Choices for the Third World, Oxford, 1976

H.W. Singer and J.S. Ansari: Rich and: Poor Countries, Allen and Unwin, third edn., 1982

L.N. rangarajan: Commodity conflict The Political Economy of International Commodity Negotiations, Croom, Heim Ltd., 1978

V.Gauri Shanker: Taming the Giants, Multinational Corporations in India, Sterling, 1980

I. Livingstone (ed.): Economic Policy for Development, Penguin, 1971 P.C. Joshi: Land Reforms in India, Allied, 1976

P. Ishwar Bhatt: Law & Social Transformation, EBC 2009.

Samuelson P.: Economics.

Koutsoyiannis A.: Modern Microeconomics.

Salvatore D: Micro Economics Theory and Applications.

Gould J.P. Lazear EP.: Micro Economic Theory

Jhingan M.L.: Micro Economics

BBA. LL.B.

5.1.8 - ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT (MAJOR)

- Unit -1 Meaning, functions, principles, importance and levels of management.
- Unit 2 Planning: Meaning, characteristics, types, benefits, objectives, strategies, process, premises, limitations and significance of planning, management by objective (MBO)
- Unit 3 Decision Making: Meaning, types of decision, decision making process. Organisation: Meaning and process of organization, structure, principles, departmentation, span of management.
- Unit 4 Staffing: Recruitment, selection, training, functions, techniques and importance of direction.
- Unit 5 Motivation and Leadership: The nature, process and significance of motivation, theories of motivation, meaning, type and styles of leadership
 Control: Meaning and process, requisites of effective control, control techniques

Suggested Readings:

James, A.F. Stoner L Management

William, H. Newman: The Process of Management

V.S.P. Rao & P.S. Narayanan: Principles and Practice of Management

L.M. Prasad: Principles and Practice of Management

C.B. Gupta: Organisation and Management

Koontz and O Donnel: Essentials of Management

George R. Terry: Principles of Management

Peter F. Drucker: The Practice of Management

Randall, B. Dunham & John, Pierce: Management

5.1.9 - FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

- Unit -1 Introduction of Accounting: Meaning, objectives, Basic Accounting terms.

 Accounting Principles: Meaning and nature, Accounting Concept. Bases of Accounting, Nature of Accounts. Origin of Transactions Source Documents and Vouchers. Accounting Equation, Rules of Debit and Credit. Recording of Transactions: Books of Original entry Journal, special purpose journal. Ledger posting from Journal and Balancing.
- Unit 2 Trial Balance: Meaning, objectives & preparation. Errors: Types of Errors and rectification. Self Balancing and Section Balancing system.
- Unit 3 Financial Statements : Meaning, Capital Expenditure, Revenue expenditure and Deferred Revenue Expenditure.
- Unit 4 i) Accounting for Non-profit organizations: Receipts and Payment Account, Preparation of Income and Expenditure Accounts and Balance Sheet from Receipt and Payment Account will additional information.
 - (ii) Accounts from Incomplete records, Ascertain of Profit/loss by statement of Affairs methods, conversion method.
- Unit 5 Accounting for Insurance Claim: Loss of Sock and consequential loss Accounting for Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves.

Suggested Readings:

Gupta, R. L. Radhaswami, M: Company Account, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.

Maheshwari, S. N. Corporate Accounting, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

Mongra, J.R. Ahuja, Girish and Sehgal, Ashok: Financial Accounting, Mayur paper Back, Noida.

Rjpurohit and Joshi Fundamental & Accounting, Rajasthan Pathya prakashan, Sojati Gate, Jodhpur.

Maheshwri S.N. Financial Accounts

Sukla & Grawal Advanced Accounts Income Tax.

5.1.10 - MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

- Unit -1 Definition & scope of Managerial Economics, Utility Analysis Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, Law of Equal-Marginal Utility and Consumer surplus.
- Unit 2 Demand Analysis: Meaning, Law, Exceptions, Elasticity of Demand, Types of Elasticity Demand, Methods for Measuring Elasticity of Demand, Indifference Curve Analysis, Equilibrium.
- Unit 3 Production Analysis: Production Function, Laws of Returns, Law of Variable Proportions, Ridge Lines, Expansion Path, Economies diseconomies.
- Unit 4 Cost and Revenue: Short run and Long run costs, Fixed and Variable Costs, Average, marginal and Total Cost Curves, Cost Output relationship, Average Marginal and Total Revenue.
- Unit 5 Market Analysis: Theory of price determination: Price and Output determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Completion.

Suggested Readings:

Joel Dean: Management Economics

Smail & Savge: Introduction of Managerial Economics

Brisgham & Pappas: Managerial Economics

G. S. Gupta: Managerial Economics

Mathew & Dave Bushiness Economics, Vide Vision Publisher, Jaipur

II SEMESTER

5.2.1 - GENERAL ENGLISH

- Unit 1 Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Phrases, Idioms
- Unit 2 Transformation, Active Passive, Simple, Complex, Compound, Narration, Conditionals
- Unit 3 Degrees, Prepositions, Articles, Corrections
- Unit 4 Phonetic Transcription, Stress, Translation of Paragraphs Precise of Legal Judgments, Analysis
- Unit 5 Short Essay on a Legal Topics Report Writing / Legal Case Study

Book recommended:

A Book of Legal Essay/Judgements

S.Pit, Corder: An Intermediate English Practice Book (Orient Longman)

John Seely: Writing Report (OUP)

Tickoo and Sasi Kumar: Writing with a Purpose (OUP)

5.2.2 - JURISPRUDENCE

- Unit 1 Jurisprudence : Definition, Nature and Scope : (i) Importance of Jurisprudence (ii) Schools of Jurisprudence : Analytical School-Austin, Kelsen and Hart
- Unit 2 Historical School: Savigny and Henery Maine, Sociological School: Ihering, Duguit, Roscoe Pound, American Realism: Holmes, Llewellyin. Frank Natural Law School: Kant and New Kantian theories, Marxism & communist Legal Theory.
- Unit 3 Recent Trends in Indian Jurisprudence, Inter-relation between Law and Society; Law and Legislation; Judicial Acctivitism, PIL, Social Justice through Legal of Lok Adalat.
- Unit 4 Ownership and possession: Meaning of ownership; kinds, Definition of ownership by Austin and Salmond; relation between ownership and possession, Importance of Possession, Elements of corporeal possession; problems; Theories of possession-salmond, savigny etc.

Person: Nature of personality, kinds; corporate personality; and its kinds theories of corporate personality; problems; who are legal persons arid who are not?

Unit 5 Liability: Nature of Liability, Elements-Motive; Intention (Mens rea), Negligence: subjective and objective theories of Negligence.

Administration of Justice: Theories of punishment, capital punishment Rights and Duties: Nature of Rights and Duties; Correlation of Rights and Duties. Kinds of Rights and Duties.

Book Recommended:

Salmond : Jurisprudence Dias : Jurisprudence

Dhyani, S.N.: Jurisprudence A Study in Indian Legal Theory Mahajan,

V.D. Kulshreshthe: Jurisprudence and Legal Theory

B.N.M. Tripathi: Jurisprudence Agarwal, Nomita: Jurisprudence

Paton: Jurisprudence

Dr. N.V.Paranjape: Studies in Jurisprudence Legal Theory

5.2.3 - HISTORY OF LEGISLATURES AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA

- Unit 1 Legislative authority of the East India Company under the Charter of Queen Elizabeth, 1601.
 - Changes under the Regulating Act, 1773 and the Act of 1781. Recognition of the powers of the Governor in Council to make Regulations by the British Parliament,
- Unit 2 Act of 1813 and the extension of the legislative power conferred on all the three councils and subjection of the same to greater control,

 Act of 1833-Establishment of a legislature of an All India Character in 1834,
- Unit 3 Govt. of India Act, 1858 the Indian Councils Act, 1861 & 1892 Central Legislative Council and its composition, powers and functions; power conferred on the Governor. Government of India Act 1909; Government of India Act, 1919; Setting up of bicameral system of legislature at the centre in place of the Imperial Council consisting of one house.
- Unit 4 Simon Commission, Round Table Conference & Government of India Act, 1935; The Federal Assembly and the Council of States, its composition, powers and functions, Legislative Assemblies in the provinces and the powers and functions of the same Legislative Councils in the provinces, their powers and functions,
- Unit 5 Constituent Assembly, its formation, working & Contribution, Indian Independence Act, 1947.

History of Legal Profession in India:

Organisaton of Legal Profession under the Charter of 1774.

Legal Profession in Company Courts

Provision for enrolment of Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys under the Legal Practitioner's Act, 1853

Provision for the enrolment of the advocates under the Letters patent issued under the High Courts Act 1861.

Legal practitioners Act, 1879; Report of the Indian Bar Committee, 1923

The Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926; The All India Bar Committee, 1951

History of Law Reporting in India

Suggested Readings:

Herbert Cowell: The History and Constitution of the Courts and Legislative Authority in India, 6th Ed., Rev. S.C. Bagchi, Calcutta, Macker, Spink, 1936.

Sir Courtenay Illbert: The government of India, 2nd Ed., London, OUP 1907.

M. P. Jain: Outline of India Legal History, Dhanwantra Mechanical Law Book House, Delhi.

A. B. Keith: A Constitutional History of India, 1600-1935, 2nd Ed., Allahabad, Central Book Depot. 1961.

Gwyer and Appadorai : Speeches and documents on the Indian Constitution, 1945-1947 (2 Vols.) London, OUP, 1957.

M. V. Pylee: Constitutional History of India, (1600-1950), Bombay, Asia, 1967.

5.2.4 - LAW OF TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

- Unit 1 Strict Liability and hazardous enterprises liability, the rule of Rylands Vs Flatcher scope of the rule, defence, modern position of the rule; Absolute liability rule (Rule of M.C. Mehta Case); Strict liability regarding dangerous animals, premises and things, Toxic Torts and liability
- Unit 2 Interference with person or Torts to person : Assault, Battery, False imprisonment, Defamation, Nervous shock, Malicious prosecution
- Unit 3 Interference with property or Torts to property: Trespass-meaning and kinds; trespass to movable and immovable property, trespass ab-initio, remedies and defences for trespass Economic torts: Detenue, conversion, passing off, deceit, conspiracy and breach of contract
- Unit 4 Torts to persons and property: Negligence-meaning, elements, Res ipsa-loquitur. Contributory Negligence and composite Negligence, Medical and professional negligence, negligence of children; Nuisance meaning, kinds, liability for nuisance and remedies
- Unit 5 The consumer protection Act, 1986: objects and reasons, Definition, Central Consumer Protection Council & State Consumer Protection Council composition and powers Consumer Dispute Redressal agencies District Forum, State and National Commission Composition and powers; Appeal offences and penalties.

Books Recommended:

Under Hill: A Summary of the Law of Trots

Ratanlal: The English and the Indian Law of Torts

Weinfield: Law of Tort Sinha, B. S.: Law of Torts

Karkara, G. S.: Law Relating to Contributory Negligence

Singh, S. P.: Law of Torts Bangia, R. K. Law of Torts Shukla, M. N.: Law of Torts Basu D. D.: Law of Torts

Karkara, G. S.: Consumer Protection Law

B.A. LL.B.

5.2.5 - POLITICAL SCIENCE (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 Main currents of Indian Political Thought: The Nature and Aims of the State in ancient Indian thought, was the ancient Indian State theocratic?

 Main religious reform movements in the 19th century; India and the extent ot which they promoted nationalism; Factors promoting the growth of liberalism in 19th century India and the methods, objectives and shortcomings of Indian liberalism;
- Unit 2 Concept of Political and Legal sovereignty: The distinction and relationship between the two. Other types of sovereignty. Austin's Theory of Sovereignty and its utility and shortcomings.
- Unit 3 The Totalitarian State: Main feature of a Totalitarian State and its shortcoming; The Fascist conception of State and its criticism.
- Unit 4 The Legislature, Executive and the Judiciary: The doctrine of separation of powers and its application in the modern constitutional system, The doctrine of parliamentary sovereignty and to what extent it is effective in modern democracies, and independence of Judiciary and the doctrine of Judicial Review.
- Unit 5 Meaning and Concept of Democracy: its kinds, the concept of Representation with special reference to the methods of Proportional Representation and the list system and their merits. The meaning of public opinion and agencies which formulate public opinion. Hindrances to a sound public opinion

Suggested Readings:

Eddy Asirvatham: Political Theory

A. C. Kapur: Principles of Political Science G. H. Sabine: A History of Political Theory K. C. Wheare: Modern Constitutions

Carl Friedrich : Constitutional Government and Democracy Herman Finer : The Theory and Practice of Modern Government

Altekar : The State and Government in Ancient India V. P. Verma : Modern Indian Social and Political Though

G. N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organizations

Cyker: Recent Political Thought

Myron Winer: Party Building in a New Nation: The Congress Party of India.

K.C. Wheare: Legislatures

Leslie Lipson: Great Issue of Politics: An Introduction of Political Science.

K. R. Bombwall : Indian Politics and Government U.N. Ghosal : A History of Indian Political Tradition K. P. Karunakaran : Modern Indian Political Ideas

G. sawer: Modern Federalism

Pennock and Smith: Political Science: An Introduction

Garner: Political Science and Government

Rajeev Dhavan : The Supreme Court and the Parliamentary Sovereignty.

5.2.6 - SOCIOLOGY

(General Principles)

- Unit 1 Social thinkers and intellectuals : August, Comte, Karl Marx, Max Waber, Pitrim Sorokin, Gandhi and Emile Durkheim, Gandhi
- Unit 2 Sociology as a critique of society; Law and Society, Sociology of Law, Sociology of legal Profession
- Unit 3 Social Problems in Rajasthan
 - (a) Early Marriage
 - (b) Dowry
 - (c) Social Deviance, Crime and Corruption
 - (d) Juvenile Delinquency
 - (e) Slum Dwellers
- Unit 4 Social institutions:
 - (a) Marriage, family and kinship
 - (b) Work and economic institutions
 - (c) Power and political institutions
 - (d) Religious institutions
 - (e) Educational institutions
 - (f) Caste based institutions
 - (g) Village based institutions

Unit 5 Tribe and caste in the traditional order; Caste and class in contemporary India; The backward classes.

Recommended Source Materials:

Atal Yoges, Indian, Sociology, Changing Indian Society

Ahuja Ram, Social Problems in India, Jaipur, Rawat

Abrahams, Frames and J. N. Morgan, Sociological Thought Comte to Sorkin

Aron, Raymond, Main Current in Sociological Thoughts (Vol. I & II)

Desai, A. R., Rural Sociology in India

Gandhi J. S., Sociology of Legal Profession

P.N. Prabhu, Hindu Social Organization

Kapadia, K. M., Marriage Family in India

Bottomore, T.B.: Sociology, A Guide to Problems and Literature, London, Allen and Unwin, 1962

Peter, Worsley et al.: Introducing Society, Harmondsworth, pengin Books, 1970

Haralambos, M.: Sociology, Themes and Perspectives, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1981

Bose, N.K.: the Structure of Hindu Society, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1975

David, G. Mandelmaum: Society in India, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1972

Ramesh, Thapper (ed): Caste and Religion in India, New Delhi, Macmillan, 1977

Andre, Beteille: Inequility and Social Change, Delhi8, Oxford University Press, 1981

Andre, beteille: The HBackward Classes and the New Social Order, Delhi, Oxford University, 1981.

Parbhu, P.N.: Hindu Social Organisation

Srivastava, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India Singhvi and N.K. goswami: Samaj Shastra Vivechan Andre, Betelilile: Vishamta aur Samajik Parivarian Yogendra Singh: Modernisation of Indian Tradition Yogendra Singh: Social Stratification and Change in India

5.2.7 - INDIAN ECONOMY

- Unit -1 Characteristics of a development economy with reference to India and problems of development. Trends in national income in India, problem of poverty and inequalities in income. Trends in population growth and population policy.
- Unit-2 Economic planning: Meaning need and objectives, planning under mixed economy. Objectives and strategy of economic planning in India. Priorities between agriculture and industry. Choice of technology.
- Unit 3 Agricultural development during plan period. Problems of agriculture with special reference to agricultural credit and marketing. Industrial development during plan period. Role of public sector. Importance and problems of small scale industries.
- Unit 4 Foreign trade of India change in the direction and composition of foreign trade. Role of foreign capital in economic development. International financial institution.
- Unit 5 Problems of un-employment, Regional inequalities, and inflation in India, post independence monetary, fiscal and price policy in India.

Recommended Source Materials:

Alfred W. Stonier and Douglas C. Hague: The Essentials of Economics, London Longmans, 1955.

Ruddar Datt and Sunderam: Indian Economy, Delhi, S. Chand and Co., 1982

A.N. Agrawala: Indian Economics, New Delhi, Vikas, 1979

Paul Samuelson : Economics An Introductory analysis, International Students Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, Seventh Edition, 1961

Fredrthue Lewis: Theory of Economic Growth, unwin University Books, 1954, 9th Impression, 1970

V.Y. Gupta: Working of Stock Exchanges in India, Delhi, Thomson Press, 1972

S. Ghatak: Rural money markets in India, Delhi Macmillan, 1976

C.H. Hanumantiae Rao and P.C. Joshi: Reflections of Economic Development and Social Change, Essays in Honour of V.K. R.V. Rao, Allied, 1979

P.K. Chaudhari: the Indian Economy Powerty and Development, Vikas, 1978

C.T. Kurien: Poverty and Social Transformation, Allied, 1976

M.Dipton: Why Poor people Stay PoorUrban Bais in World Development, Heritage Publishers, New Delhi, 1980

Myrdal, Gunnar: The Challenge of World Poverty, penguin, 1971

Lakshmi Narian: Principles and Practice of Public Enterprise Management, S. Chand. 1980

Mahbub-Ul-Haq: the PowertyCertain Choices for the Third World, Oxford, 1976

H.W. Singer and J.S. Ansari: Rich and: Poor Countries, Allen and Unwin, third edn., 1982

L.N. rangarajan : Commodity conflict The Political Economy of International Commodity Negotiations, Croom, Heim Ltd., 1978

V. Gauri Shanker: Taming the Giants, Multinational Corporations in India, Sterling, 1980

I. Livingstone (ed.): Economic Policy for Development, Penguin, 1971 P.C. Joshi: Land Reforms in India, Allied, 1976

Datt & Sundharam : Indian Economy Agrawala A.N. : Indian Economy. Misra & Puri : Indian Economy.

Government of India: Economic Survey (Latest)

B.B.A. LL.B.

5.2.8 - FUNCTIONAL AREAS OF MANAGEMENT (MAJOR)

- Unit -1 Introducing Business Communication : Basic Forms of communication, Communication Models and processes, Effective Communication, Theories of Communication, Audience Analysis.
- Unit 2 Corporate Communication, Formal and Informal Communication Network, Grapevine Mis-communication)Barriers), Improving Communication Practice in Business Communication, Group discussions, Mock Interviews, Seminar, Effective Listening Exercises, Individual and Group Presentation and Report Writing
- Unit 3 Production: Meaning and Scope, Production, Planning and Control-Objectives, Techniques, Importance, and Advantages of Production Planning and Control, Quality Control and Inspection: Concept and Importance, Plant layout, Plant Location: Meaning, Determinants and Basis of Optimum Plant Location.
- Unit 4 Marketing: Concept, Functions and importance, Marketing Research: Meaning, Scope, Contributions and Limitations of Marketing Research procedure, Types and Techniques.

Product: Meaning, role, planning, process and Life cycle, pricing, Meaning, role procedure and Management, Channels of Distribution: Meaning, role, Classification and Factors governing choice of channels of distribution.

Unit 5 Personnel: Meaning, Scope, Functions of personnel Management Introduction to Recruitment, Selection, Evaluation, Methods of job Evaluation, Merit Rating, Meaning, objectives and techniques. Training and Development.

Suggested Books:

Bove and Thill: Business Communication Today, Tata McGraw Hill, new Delhi. Randall, E. Magors: Business Communication, Harper and Row, New York

Kaul: Business Communication, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

Kaul: Effective Business Communication, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

Robinson, Netrakanti and Snintre : Communicative Competence in Business English, Orient Longman, Hyderabad

Agarwal, R. D.: Organisation and Management

Philip Kotler: Marketing Management

Saxena, S.C.: Business Administration and Management Gandhi, J. C.: Marketing: A Managerial Introduction

Gupta, M. S.: Kriyatmak Prabandh, Modern Publications, Jodhpur

Upadhyay & Kumbhat : Utpadan Prabandh

5.2.9 - COST ACCOUNTING

- Unit -1 Concept cost, methods, types, distinction between Financial and Cost Accounting, Elements of Cost, Purchasing, receiving and storage of material, pricing of material issues, material control.
- Unit 2 Recording Labour Cost, system of wage payments, Incentive Plans, Direct Expenses, Meaning of overhead, classifications allocation and apportionment of overheads, methods of absorption of overheads.
- Unit 3 Unit of single output costing, cost sheet and cost statement Tender quotations and production account, Reconciliation between profits shown by cost and financial statement.
- Unit 4 Job, Batch and contract costing. Operating Costing.
- Unit 5 Process Costing: Treatment of Normal and Abnormal Losses and Effectiveness, By-Product and Joint Products.

Suggested Readings:

Arora M. N. Cost Accounting Principles and Practice, Vikas, New Delhi.

Jain, S.P. and Narang, K. L.: Cost Accounting, Kalyani, New Delhi.

Horngren, Charles, Foster and Datar: Cost Accounting A: Managerial Emphasis,

Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Tulsian, P. C. Practical Costing, Vikas, New Delhi.

Maheshwari, S. N.: Advance problems and Solutions in Cost Accounting, Sultan Chand, New Delhi.

Agarwal, M. L.: Cost Accounting: Sahitya Bhawan, Agar.

Maheshwari & Mittal: Lagal Lekhankan, Mahaveer Prakashan, New Delhi

Oswal, Rajpurohit & Maheshwari: Cost Accounting Ramesh Book Dept, Jaipur

5.2.10 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- Unit -1 Financial Management: Financial goals; profit vs. Wealth maximization; Financial Functions-investment, financing and dividend decision; Financial planning. Capital Budgeting: Nature of investment decision, investment evaluation criteria, payback period accounting rate of return net present value, internal rate of return, profitability index; NPV and IPR comparison.
- Unit 2 Cost of Capital: Significance of cost of capital; Calculating cost of debt; Preference shares, equity capital and retained earnings; Combined (weighed) cost of Capital.
 - Operating and Financial Leverage: Their measure; Effects on profit, analyzing alternate financial plant, combined financial and operating leverage.
- Unit 3 Capital Structure : Feature of sound capital structures EBIT, EPS, analysis, Limitation of EPS, Capital Gearing.
- Unit 4 Management of Working capital Nature, Concept significance. Recommendations of Chore & Tandon Committees. Determinants and estimation of working capital Management of receivables.
- Unit 5 Management of cash and liquidity. Management of Industry; Dividend police Issue in dividend policies, Walter's Model, Gordon's Model, M.M. Hypothesis, Forms and Determinants of dividends.

Suggested Readings:

Van Home, J.C.: Financial management and Policy, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Van Horne, J.C.: Fundamentals of Financial Managemetnt, Pretnice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Van Horne, J.C.: Fundamentals of Financial Management, Text and problems, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Prasanna Chandra: Financial management Theory and Practice, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi Pandey, I. M.: Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

Brigham, E.F., Gapenski L.C. and Ehrhardt, M.C.: Financial Management-Theory and Practice, Harcourt College Publisher, Singapore.

Bhalla, V.K.: Modern Working Capital Management, Ammol Pub, Delhi.

B.A. LLB. & B.B.A. LL.B. III SEMESTER 5.3.1 ENGLISH

Unit 1 Grammar and Usage (Communication skills):

- 1. Simple sentences (one clause) their phrase structure
- Tense and concord (a)
 - Noun modifiers (determiners, propositional phrase clauses) (ii)
 - (iii) Basic transformation
- **Passives** (b)
- Negatives (c)
- Questions (d)
- 2. Complex and compound sentences (use of concentives)
- 3. Conditionals
- 4. Reported Speech
- 5. Question lags and short responses
- 6. Some common errors

Unit 2 (A) Vocabulary (Communication skills)

Meaning of the following legal terms which are relevant to the subject papers of LL.B. student:

Abet Consent Hearsay Conspiracy Hypothecation Abstain Accomplice Contempt Illegal Act of God Contingent Indemnity Actionable Contraband Inheritence Accused Conviction Bench Adjournment Convention Bill

Adjudication Corporate Bill of attain Admission Custody Bill of Rights **Affidavit Damages** Blockade Bonafide Amendment Decree **By-Laws** Appeal Defamation

Acquittal Capital Punishment Defence Article Charge Escheat

Chattles Assent Estoppel Executive Legislation Attornment Ex-parte Legitimacy Averment Liability Bail Finding Bailment Floating Charge Liberty Forma Pauperis Licence Citation

Clause Franchise Lieu

Coercion Fraud Code Frustration Liquidation Cognizable Good faith Maintenance Confession Guardian Malafide Compromise Habeas Corpus Malfeasance

Minor Privilege Specific Performance

MisfeasancePrivityStamp dutyMortgagePrizeStatus quoMurderProcessStatute

Negligence Promissory Note Stay of Execution

Negotiable Proof Succession Instruments **Proposal** Summons **Neutrality** Prosecution Surety Non-feasance Proviso Tenant Notification Ratify **Testator** Novation Receiver **Testatrix** Title Nuisance Redemption Tort Oath Reference

Obscene Regulation Trade mark Offender Remand Treason Order Remedy Treaty Ordinance Rent **Trespass** Over-rule Repeal Trial De facto Res Judicata Tribunal De Jure Respondent Trust **Deposit** In Limine Ultravires Detention Insanity Undue influence

Discretion Institute Usage Valid **Distress** Insurance **Earnest Money** Verdict Intestate Enact Vested Issue Violate Entorceable Judgment Judicial Equality Vis-major Partition Void Jurisdiction Perjury Justice Voidable Petition Restitution Wager Plaintiff Waiver Rule Pledge Ruling Warrant Preamble Schedule Warranty Pre-emption Will Section Prescription Settlement Writ Presumption Wrong Sovereignty

(B) General Vocabulary (Advanced)

Unit 3 (A) Comprehension (Principles and Practice)

- (B) Listening Comprehension
- (C) Precis / Summarization of Essays or Legal Texts.
- Unit 4 (A) Composition
 - (B) Paragraph / Eassy
 - (C) Letter Writing (Formal/Informal)

Unit 5 Translation of Paragraph English to Hindi, Hindi to English

Class Activity and Student Participation will be given weightage.

Books Recommended:

Bhaskar, W.W.S. and Prabhu, N.S.: English Through Reading, Vol. I, Macmillan, 1978

Sarah Freeman: An Intermediate English Practice Book, Orient Longman

Fowler and Ayer: How to Avoid errors in English, Taraporwala, Bombay

Ishtiaque Abidi: Law and Language, University Publishers, Aligarh

M.K. Gandhi: The Law and Lawyer, Navjivan Publishers, Ahmedabad

Hindi English Glossary: Vidhi Sahitya Prakashan, Ministry of Law, New Delhi.

David Memoron: Mastering Modern English, Orient Longman

Hugh Jarrof: How to write English

5.3.2 - CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

- Unit-1 Introductory: Salient Features of the Constitution. Nature of the Indian Federalism: Preamble, Citizenship.
- Unit-2 State, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties.
- Unit-3 Union and State Executive: President, Governor, Election, appointment, Powers, Position: Council of Ministers, Prime Minister, Parliamentary System of Government Union and State legislature; Lok Sabha, Vidhan Sabha Rajya Sabha, and Vidhan Parishad Composition: Speaker, Chairman; Privileges; Legislative procedure
- Unit-4 Union-State Judiciary : Supreme Court and High Court, Composition and Powers, Writs
- Unit-5 Union-State Legislative Relationship-Distribution of legislative powers, Administrative and financial relationship

Books Recommended:

Bare Act of Constitution of India as amended upto date

Shukla, V.N.: Constitution of India

Jain, M.P. Constitution Law of India

Basu, D.D.: Introduction to the Constitution of India.

5.3.3 - LAW OF EVIDENCE

- Unit 1 Preliminary: Application of the Indian Evidence Act, Definitions: fact in issue and relevant fact, evidence-meaning and its kinds, proved, disproved, not proved, may presume, shall presume, and conclusive proof, presumptions regarding documents
- Unit 2 Relevancy of Facts: Explaining Res-gestate, occasion, cause effect, motive, intention, preparation, previous and subsequent conduct, introductory and explanatory facts, facts not otherwise relevant, when becomes relevant, accidental and intentional facts

Facts which need not be proved, improper admission and rejection of facts

Unit 3 Admission and Confession:

- (a) Admission: Definition whose admission is relevant, relevancy of admission in civil and criminal cases admission is not conclusive proof. Admission as an estoppels
- (b) Confession: Definition, its kinds, confession caused by inducement, threat or promise, confession to police officer, confession in the custody of police confession to magistrate, confession by co-accused.
- (c) Difference between admission and confession.

Unit 4 (a) Relevancy of Statement:

- (i) Statements by persons who cannot be called as witness
- (ii) Statements made under special circumstances
- (b) Relevance to judgement of Courts of Law
- (c) Opinion of third person, and
- (d) Relevancy of character of parties

Unit 5 Evidence : Oral evidence, documentary evidence, kinds of documentary evidence, when secondary evidence is relevant public and private documents

Suggested Books:

Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal: The Law of Evidence

M.Monir: Law of Evidence M.Monir: Law of Evidence Butuk Lal: Law of Evidence Avtar Singh: Law of Evidence

5.3.4 - LAW CONTRACT I (GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND SPECIFIC RELIEF)

Unit-1 Formation of Control

- (a) General: Definition and characteristics of contract, agreement, promise, kinds of contract-express, implied void, voidable, illegal, executory, standard form of contract
- (b) Proposal: Definition, its kinds, characteristics, communication, elements of communication, revocation and termination.
- (c) Acceptance: Definition modes, characteristics, communication and revocation.
- (d) Consideration: Definition, elements of consideration, insufficiency of consideration, illegal consideration, object and concept of stranger to contract.

Unit-2 Formation of Contract:

- (a) Capacity to Contract: Who cannot make a contract, who is minor, nature of minor's contract, estoppel against minor, agreement for necessaries: person of unsound mind, nature of contract by a person of unsound mind, persons deprived of the capacity to contract.
- (b) Free Consent: Meaning, elements rendering consent not free-coercion, undue influence, misrepresentation, fraud and mistake
- Unit-3 (a) Void Agreement: Restraint of marriage, trade, legal proceeding, uncertainty, wagering agreements.
 - (b) Contingent Contract: distinction between wagering contract and contingent contract.
 - (c) Discharge of Contract by performance: Tender of performance, Joint rights and Joint liabilities of parties; time, place and manner of performance; performance of reciprocal promises, novation, accord and satisfaction.
- Unit-4 (a) Discharge from liability to perform: Impossibility, anticipatory Breach of Contract
 - (b) Discharge of contract by Breach: Remedies for breach of contract, compensation, remoteness of damages
 - (c) Certain relation resembling contract (Quasi Contract)
- Unit-5 The Specific Relief Act, 1963: Recovery of Possession of property, contracts which can and cannot be specifically enforced, rectification of instruments, rescission of contracts cancellation of instruments, declaratory decree and injunctions.

Books Recommended:

Anson: Principles of English Law of Contract, Edited by A.G. Guest (22nd ed.)

Pollock and Mulla: Law of Contract and Specific Relief

Chesire and Fifoot: Law of Contract Subba Rao G.V.C.: Law of Specific Relief Bangia, R.K.: Indian Contract Act Desai, R.K.: Indian Contact Act

Desai, P.R.: Principles of Law of Contract

Avtar Singh: Law of Contract

B.A. LL.B.

5.3.5 - POLITICAL SCIENCE (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 Conceptions of power, authority and legitimation. The contemporary crisis of legitimation.
- Unit 2 Nature of political obligation and its theories, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau,
- Unit 3 Theories of Political obligation, Max Weber, Marx, Emile Durkheim approaches to the notion of political obligation.
- Unit 4 Utilitarianism (both rule and act utilitarianism) as approaches to political obligation.
- Unit 5 The problem of civil disobedience and political obligation, with particular reference to Gandhian and Neo-Gandhian thoughts.

Recommended Source Materials:

Leslie Lipson: Great Issues of Politics, An Introduction to Political Science, new York, Prentice Hall, 1954

G.N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organisation, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal, 1966.

K.R. Bombwal: Indian Politics and Government since 1885, Delhi, Atma Ram and Sons, 1951

Hans Morgenthau: Politics Among nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, 2nd Ed., New York, Knopt, 1955

Quincy Wright: Study of International Relations, New York, Applenton Century Crofts, 1955

D.W. Bowett: International Institutions, London< Methuen, 1964 Pereys Cohen: Modern Social Theory, Arnold Heinman, 1976

Denis Lloyd: The Idea of Law, Pelican, 1964

D.D. Raphel: Problems of Political Philosophy, Macmillan

Roscoe Pound: an Introduction to the Philosophy of Law, yale University press, 1954

Upendra Baxi: the Crisis of the Indian Legal System, Vikas, 1982 H.L.A. Hart: Essay on Punishment and Responsibility, Oxford, 1982

S.E. Finer: Comparative Government, Pelican, 1970

Rajani Kothari: Democratic policy and Social Change in India: Crisis and Opportunities, allied Publishers, 1976

Leorge Lich theim: A Short History of Socialism, Fontanal Collins, 1970

U.N. Ghoshal: A History of Indian Political ideas, Oxford, 1959

K.P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Traditions, Allied, 1962

G.H. Sabine: A History of Political Theory, Fourth Ed., Oxford, 1973

G.Sawer: Modern Federalism, London C.A. Watts, 1969 S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, 1980

5.3.6 - POLITICAL SCIENCE

- Unit 1 The problem of punishment: Justification of use of force by state against the citizen.
- Unit 2 The basis of criminal sanction.
- Unit 3 Justice, Social, Economic and Political.
- Unit 4 Concept of Rights and their limitations, Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship.
- Unit 5 Equal, Equality of status and opportunity.

Recommended Source Materials:

Leslie Lipson: Great Issues of Politics, An Introduction to Political Science, new York, Prentice Hall, 1954

G.N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organisation, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal, 1966.

K.R. Bombwal: Indian Politics and Government since 1885, Delhi, Atma Ram and Sons, 1951

Hans Morgenthau: Politics Among nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, 2nd Ed., New York, Knopt, 1055

Quincy Wright: Study of International Relations, New York, Applenton Century Crofts, 1955

D.W. Bowett: International Institutions, London< Methuen, 1964 Pereys Cohen: Modern Social Theory, Arnold Heinman, 1976

Denis Lloyd: The Idea of Law, Pelican, 1964

D.D. Raphel: Problems of Political Philosophy, Macmillan

Roscoe Pound: an Introduction to the Philosophy of Law, yale University press, 1954

Upendra Baxi: the Crisis of the Indian Legal System, Vikas, 1982 H.L.A. Hart: Essay on Punishment and Responsibility, Oxford, 1982

S.E. Finer: Comparative Government, Pelican, 1970

Rajani Kothari : Democratic policy and Social Change in India : Crisis and Opportunities, allied Publishers,

1976

Leorge Lich theim: A Short History of Socialism, Fontanal Collins, 1970

U.N. Ghoshal: A History of Indian Political ideas, Oxford, 1959K.P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Traditions, Allied, 1962G.H. Sabine: A History of Political Theory, Fourth Ed., Oxford, 1973

G.Sawer: Modern Federalism, London C.A. Watts, 1969 S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, 1980

5.3.7 - SOCIOLOGY

- Unit-1 Changing Profile of Indian Population. Population Explosion, Family Planning.
- Unit-2 Concept of social organization and disorganization. Causes of disorganization. Family disorganization.
- Unit-3 Meaning and nature of Anthropology, its branches, study of human race and its relevance in changing globalised scenario.
- Unit-4 Approached of Study of Anthropology, Historical, Comparative, empirical, structural, functional.
- Unit-5 Tribal India: Problems of Indian Tribes and its solution. Constitution provision for Scheduled Tribes.

Suggested Readings:

Abraham: Social Thinkers

Raymand Arora: Main Currents in Sociological thought, 2 Volumes Karl Marx, Max Weber, Emile

Durkheim

Majumdar D.N. & Madan T.N.: An Introduction to Social Anthropology.

Ellio H & Merrill : Social Disorganization. Madan : Indian Social Problem Vol. I.

Spicer: Human Problems and Technological change.

Mowrer: Social Problems.

BBA LL.B.

5.3.8 - ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 Introduction to organizational Behaviour: Definition, Assumptions, Signifiance, Trends and Prospects, Historical Background for Modern Organisation Behaviour, Research Foundations for Organisation Behaviour, Individual Behaviour in Organisation. Behaviour as Input Output Systems, Nature and Dimensions of Attitudes, Value and Perceptions.
- Unit 2 Motivation: Meaning Importance, Theories of Motivation: Need Hierarchy, Expectancy Theory, Equity, Theory, ERG Theory, There need theory, Reinforcement Theory.
- Unit 3 Leadership: Meaning and Importance, Transition in leadership theories, trait theories, behavioural theories, contingency theories, leadership styles and skill, managerial culture and leadership.
- Unit 4 Moral : Definition and Measurement of Moral, Morale and Productivity, Improving Morale, Impacts of Modern Technology work systems and Human Factors, Work stress.
 - Group Dynamics Meaning importance, types of Groups, Important Dimensions of Group Behaviour A Brief Skitch, Leadership and conflict in Group, Authority and influence process in group.
- Unit 5 Conflict and Collaboration: Meaning and Nature and changing view of conflict, process of conflict handling behaviour, conflict resolution technique, approaches to conflict management bases and interventions of collaboration organizational dynamics, managing organizational change, force of change, resistance to change, managing planned changes.

Suggested Readings:

Fred Luthans: Organisaton Behaviours, Prentice Hall of India, 1993

Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich: Management: A Gloal perspective, McGraw Hill.

Stephen, P. Robins: Organisational Behaviours, Prentice Hall of India, 1993

John, R. Schermarhorn, James, G. Hunt, Richard M. Osbom: Managing Organisation Behaviour

Sochion: Organisational Psychology, Prentice Hall of India Ltd. Wondell, L. French and Cocill, R. Soll: Organisational Development, prentice Hall of India Ltd.

Parance, R. Hitchell: People in Organisational, McGraw Hill, International Book Co., New York.

Hicks & Guilet: Organisation: Theory and Behaviour, McGraw Hill, International Book Co., New York.

Davis and Newstorm: Human Behaviour at Work, McGraw Hill International Book Co., New York.

5.3.9 - FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

- Unit 1 Accounting for Hire-Purchase and Installment payment system, Voyage A/c
- Unit 2 Branch Accounting and Departmental Accounting
- Unit 3 Partnership Accounts: Partners' Capital Accounts, Profit and Loss Appropriation Account, Adjustment in closed Books of Accounts, Reconstitution of Partnership: Charges in Profit Sharing Ratio, Admission of a Partner.
- Unit 4 Retirement of a Partner, Death of a Partner, Empty Container A/c
- Unit 5 Dissolution of Partnership Firm: Modes of dissolution of firms' Insolvency of Partners, piecemeal distribution of each, Sale of Business, Amalgamation of Business

Suggested Readings:

Gupta R. L. & Radhaswamy, M: Financial Accounting, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.

Shukla M. C. Grewal T. S. and Gupta S.C.L.:

Advanced Accounts, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi

Matheshwari S. N.: Financial Accounting, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

Rajpurohit & Joshi: Financial Accounting, Rajasthan Pathy Prakashan Jaipur.

5.3.10 - BANKING THEORY & PRACTICE

- Unit 1 Money-Definition, Function, importance, Classification of money and paper currency standards: Money supply Components and Determinants, Measurement of Money. Supply in India, Present Monetary system in India
- Unit 2 Commercial Banks Meaning, definition, functions and importance, types and organization of Banks, banking operation main liabilities and assets of Bank, Process of Credit creation, Retail Banking.
- Unit 3 Banking Regulation Act. 1949. Structure of Commercial Banking System in India. Regional Rural Banks. Cooperative Banking.
- Unit 4 State Bank of India History, objectives, Functions, Structure, Organisation, Working and progress, Central Banking: An overview. Reserve Bank of India Objective, organization, functions and working, NABARD. Plastic Money-Credit and Debit card system in India.
- Unit 5 Development Banks and other Non Banking Financial Institutions, IDBI, ICICI, IFCI, SFCS, SIDBI, Interest Rates in India-Administered rates and market determined rates, their trends since 1951.

Suggested Readings:

Chancler, L.V. and Goldfield, S.M.: L.V. and Goldfield, S.M.: The Economics of Money and Banking, Harper and Row, New York

Gupta, S.B. Monetary Planning of India, S. Chand, New Delhi

Khan, M.Y.: Indian Financial System-Theory and Practice, Tat McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Banking Commission: (Report (s),

Reserve Banks of India: Functions and Working

Reserve Bank of India: Bulletins

Panchmukhi, V.R.: Rajpuria K.M. and Tandon, R: Money and Finance in World Economics Order, Indus Publishing Co. New Delhi.

M. L. Seth: Money, Banking and Public Finance: Laxmi Narayan Agarwal Hospital Road, Agara.

KK.C. Sekhar: Law and Practice of Banking

T.T. Sethi: Money Banking International Trade/Public Finance S. Chand, New Delhi.

Mathur and Dave Indian Banking System Vide Vision Publisher, Jaipur

Mathur and Dave Money Banking system

IV SEMESTER

5.4.1 – ENGLISH

- Unit 1 (a) Revision of Transformation of Sentences
 - (b) Correct English
 - (c) Vocabulary (Past + Additions)
 - (d) Word formation, same words in different parts of speech; words liable to be confused
- Unit 2 (a) Phonetic symbols
 - (b) Phonetic transcription
 - (c) Pronunciation drills (both oral and written)
- Unit 3 Legal Drafting Power of Attorney, complaint, Deed, Order sheet, Agenda, FIR, FR, Agreement, Minutes of Meeting Notice for demand of Justice, Letter for Justice, Writs,
- Unit 4 Essay on a Socio-Legal Topic (250 Words)
- Unit 5 Case study and Report thereon, Article Review, Judgement Review.

Books Recommended:

Bhaskar, W.W.S. and Prabhu, N.S.: English Through Reading, Vol. I, Macmillan, 1978

Sarah Freeman: An Intermediate English Practice Book, Orient Longman Fowler and Ayer: How to Avoid errors in English, Taraporwala, Bombay Ishtiaque Abidi: Law and Language, University Publishers, Aligarh M.K. Gandhi: The Law and Lawyer, Navjivan Publishers, Ahmedabad

Hindi English Glossary: Vidhi Sahitya Prakashan, Ministry of Law, New Delhi.

David Memoron: Mastering Modern English, Orient Longman

Hugh Jarrof: How to write English

5.4.2 - CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

- Unit 1 Service under the Union and the State, Constitutional protection to civil servants; Public Service Commission of the Union and the States Art. 300 A Property Rights, Service Tribunals.
- Unit 2 Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse : State Liability in Contracts and Torts, Suit by and against the State
- Unit 3 (a) Emergency provisions-National, State and Financial
 - (b) Elections: Election Commissions, Constitution Powers & Functions, Powers of Parliament and State Legislature with regard to election laws.
- Unit 4 Amendment of the Constitution-Constitutionality of Ordinary Laws and Amendment Laws, Doctrine of Judicial Review and restraints upon it, judicial activism, special rules of constitutional interpretation and constitutionalism, Doctrine of Basic Structure Major Amendments & their Constitutional Value
- Unit 5 Local self government their constitution functions and powers.

Books Recommended:

Bare Act of Constitution of India as amended upto date

Shukla, V.N.: Constitution of India

Jain, M.P. Constitution Law of India

Basu, D.D.: Introduction to the Constitution of India.

Bhansali S.R. Constitution of India (2 Volumes)

5.4.3 - LAW OF EVIDENCE AND LIMITATION

- Unit 1 Exclusion of oral evidence by documentary evidence : Application of this principle, its exceptions, ambiguous documents, kinds of ambiguity
- Unit 2 Burden of Proof: Meaning, general principles of burden of proof in civil and criminal cases and exceptions to them, when burden of proof shifts, Proof of legitimacy of child
- Unit 3 Estoppel: Meaning essentials, nature and its kinds, witness: Competency of witness; when persons can be compelled to appear as witness; privileged communication and documents, accomplice, hostile witness.
- Unit 4 Examination of witness; Order of examination, kinds of examinations, leading question, impeaching the credit of witness, question which can and which cannot be asked refreshing the memory of witness, production of documents, judges' power to put questions or to order of production.
- Unit 5 The Limitation Act, 1963 (Omitting the Schedule)

Definitions: Application, bond, Defendant, easement, good-faith, plaintiff. Period of limitation

Relationship between limitation, laches, acquiescence, estoppel and res judicata; Limitation of suits, appeals and applications, disability, computation of period of limitation, acknowledgement and part payment, acquisition of ownership by prescription.

Suggested Books:

Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal: The Law of Evidence

M.Monir: Law of Evidence
M.Monir: Law of Evidence
Butuk Lal: Law of Evidence

Avtar Singh: Law of Evidence

5.4.4 - LAW OF CONTRACT - (SPECIFIC CONTRACTS)

Unit 1 Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee:

- (a) Meaning: Distinction between indemnity and kinds of guarantee.
- (b) Rights of Indemnity holder
- (c) Rights of the Surety, Extent of the Liability of the Surety
- (d) Discharge of liability of the Surety

Unit 2 Contracts of Bailment and Pledge:

- (a) Meaning and kinds of contracts of Bailment-Bailment without consideration
- (b) Rights and duties of bailee and bailor (c) Termination of Contract of Baialment (d) Position of the finder of goods under law (e) Contract of Pledge: Meaning and definition, pledge by unauthorized persons

Unit 3 Contract of Agency:

- (a) Definition, kinds and modes of creation of Agency
- (b) Relations between (i) the principal and agent (ii) The principal and third party and
- (iii) The agent and the third party
- (c) Determination of agent's authority (i) By act of parties: and (ii) By operation of Law-Irrevocable authority

Unit 4 Contract of Sale of Goods: The sale of Goods Act, 1930:

- (a) Sale-meaning Definition and Elements
- (b) Agreement to sell, hire-purchase agreement and a contract for work and labourmeaning and distinction from sale
- (c) Goods-existing, future and contingent
- (d) Conditions and warranties
- (e) Passing of property and risk from seller to buyer
- (f) Sale by unauthorized person
- (g) Law relating to performance of sale
- (h) Rights of Unpaid Seller

Unit 5 Contract of Partnership: The Partnership Act, 1932:

- (a) meaning, definition, formation and the characteristics of contract of partnership
- (b) Distinction between
 - (i) Co-ownership and partnership
 - (ii) Joint Hindu Family firm and Partnership and
 - (iii) Company and partnership
- (c) Position of Minor
- (d) Relation inter se of partners and relation of partners with third parties
- (e) Registration of partnership firm
- (f) Dissolution of partnership firm

Books Recommended:

Atryah, P,S.: An Introduction to the Law of Contract, Pollock & Mulla: Indian Contract and Specific Relief, VG, Ramchandran: The Law of Contract in India VG. Ramchandran: Law of Agency

Dessi, S.T.: The Law of Partnership in India and Pakistan Agarwal

O.P.: The Indian Partnership Act, 1932 Agarwal, O.P.: The sale of Goods Act, 1930

Kapoor, N.D.: Mercantile Laws

Avtar Singh: Law of Contract (English and Hindi) Avtar Singh: Law of Partnership (English and Hindi)

Avtar Singh: Principles of the Law of Sale of Goods (English and Hindi)

B.A. LL.B.

5.4.5 - POLITICAL SCIENCE (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 The world community; sovereign states, transnational political parties, and transnational non-official organizations such as the churches, multinational corporations, scientific cultural and other organizations.
- Unit 2 Components of national power; population, geography, resources, economic organization, technology and military force.
- Unit 3 Limitations of national power: International morality public opinion, international law.
- Unit 4 Major sources of conflict: East and West and North and South rivalries, territorial claims, resources, population migrations international trade.
- Unit 5 Avoidance of war and facilitation of peaceful change: Alliances and balance of power approach; collective security and disarmament.

Recommended Source Materials:

Leslie Lipson: Great Issues of Politics, An Introduction to Political Science, new York, Prentice Hall, 1954

G.N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organisation, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal, 1966.

K.R. Bombwal: Indian Politics and Government since 1885, Delhi, Atma Ram and Sons, 1951

Hans Morgenthau: Politics Among nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, 2nd Ed., New York, Knopt, 1955

Quincy Wright: Study of International Relations, New York, Applenton Century Crofts, 1955

D.W. Bowett: International Institutions, London< Methuen, 1964 Pereys Cohen: Modern Social Theory, Arnold Heinman, 1976

Denis Lloyd: The Idea of Law, Pelican, 1964

D.D. Raphel: Problems of Political Philosophy, Macmillan

Roscoe Pound: an Introduction to the Philosophy of Law, yale University press, 1954

Upendra Baxi: the Crisis of the Indian Legal System, Vikas, 1982 H.L.A. Hart: Essay on Punishment and Responsibility, Oxford, 1982

S.E. Finer: Comparative Government, Pelican, 1970

Rajani Kothari: Democratic policy and Social Change in India: Crisis and Opportunities, allied Publishers, 1976

Leorge Lich theim: A Short History of Socialism, Fontanal Collins, 1970

U.N. Ghoshal: A History of Indian Political ideas, Oxford, 1959

K.P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Traditions, Allied, 1962

G.H. Sabine : A History of Political Theory, Fourth Ed., Oxford, 1973

G.Sawer: Modern Federalism, London C.A. Watts, 1969 S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, 1980

5.4.6 - POLITICAL SCIENCE

- Unit 1 Diplomacy and peaceful resolution of conflicts by negotiation, mediation, conciliation and recourse to international organizations; arbitration and judicial settlement.
- Unit 2 The cultural approach and the UNESC; promotion of international co-operation and the functional approach, the Specialized Agencies. The case for against world government.
- Unit 3 Inter-governmental organizations and their constituent instruments, the standard pattern of organization.
- Unit 4 the annual or periodical plenary conference, the committee or council to take decisions during the period between the plenary conference, the secretariat.
- Unit 5 The special features of the I.L.O. and international financial institution. The United Nations and its principal organs.

Recommended Source Materials:

Leslie Lipson: Great Issues of Politics, An Introduction to Political Science, new York, Prentice Hall, 1954

G.N. Singh: Fundamentals of Political Science and Organisation, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal, 1966.

K.R. Bombwal: Indian Politics and Government since 1885, Delhi, Atma Ram and Sons, 1951

Hans Morgenthau: Politics Among nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, 2nd Ed., New York, Knopt,

Quincy Wright: Study of International Relations, New York, Applenton Century Crofts, 1955

D.W. Bowett: International Institutions, London< Methuen, 1964

Pereys Cohen: Modern Social Theory, Arnold Heinman, 1976

Denis Lloyd: The Idea of Law, Pelican, 1964

D.D. Raphel: Problems of Political Philosophy, Macmillan

Roscoe Pound: an Introduction to the Philosophy of Law, yale University press, 1954

Upendra Baxi: the Crisis of the Indian Legal System, Vikas, 1982 H.L.A. Hart: Essay on Punishment and Responsibility, Oxford, 1982

S.E. Finer: Comparative Government, Pelican, 1970

Rajani Kothari: Democratic policy and Social Change in India: Crisis and Opportunities, allied Publishers,

1976

Leorge Lich theim: A Short History of Socialism, Fontanal Collins, 1970

U.N. Ghoshal: A History of Indian Political ideas, Oxford, 1959

K.P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Traditions, Allied, 1962

G.H. Sabine: A History of Political Theory, Fourth Ed., Oxford, 1973

G.Sawer: Modern Federalism, London C.A. Watts, 1969

S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, 1980

5.4.7 – SOCIOLOGY

- Unit-1 Indian Society Characteristics, Units and Diversity. National Integration.
- Unit-2 Social Movements and their influence and development of Law.
- Unit-3 Process of social change sanskritization, westernization, secularization, urbanization, Globalization and value system.
- Unit-4 Tradition and modernity planned social change, Paradigm of social change.
- Unit-5 Status of women in India. Indication of women status. Violence and discrimination and legal protection. Women Empowerment.

Suggested Readings:

Karve-I: Hindu society An Introduction.

Atal Yogesh: Changing Indian Society.

Atal Yogesh: Indian Society

Singh Yogendra: Modernization of Indian Tradition.

Sriniwas, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India.

BBA. LL.B. 5.4.8 - STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT (MAJOR)

- Unit 1 An overview of strategic Management: Defining Strategy, levels at which strategy operates: Approaches to strategic decision making: stragegic intent, vision, Mission, Business definition, objectives and goals, Environmental analysis and Diagnosis: concept of environment and its components; Environment scanning and appraisal, Organizaton appraisal, Strategic advantage analysis and diagnosis.
- Unit 2 Corporate-level strategies: Grand, Stability,. Expansion, Retrenchment, combination strategies, corporate Restructuring. Business-level/strategies: Generic and tactics for business strategies.
- Unit 3 Strategic Analysis and choice: Process of strategic choice, corporate and business level strategic analysis, Subjective factor in strategic choice, contingency strategies and strategic plan.
- Unit 4 Activating Strategies: Interrelationship between formulation and implementation.

 Aspects of strategy Implementation, Project and Procedural Implementation.

 Resource allocation, Structural and Behavioural Implementation.
- Unit 5 Functional and Operational Implementation: Financial, Marketing, operations/production, Personnel plans and policies, information, Integration of functional plans and policies, Strategic evolution and control: Techniques of strategic evaluation and control.

Suggested Readings:

Azhar Kazmi : Business Policy and Strategic Management, Tata McGraw Hill New, Delhi, 2005

Jain, P.C.: Strategic Management, 2005

Bhattacharry, S. K. and N. Venkataramin : Meaning Business Enterprises :

Strategies, Structure and System, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2004.

5.4.9 – AUDITING

- Unit 1 Auditing: Meaning, Objectives, Frauds, Errors, Accounting & Auditing, Types of Audit.
 - International control, Internal Check & Internal Audit, Evaluation of Internal control system, Internal control system regarding purchases, sales, Salaries and wages.
- Unit 2 Audit procedure: Planning & procedure of audits, Audit Programme, Audit working papers and evidences, Routine checking & Test checking vouching: Meaning, importance, vouching of cash and trading transactions.
- Unit 3 Verification & valuation of assets & Liabilities Auditor's Report : Clean & qualified report.
- Unit 4 Audit of limited companies Company Auditor: Appointment, Powers, duties & Liabilities Audit of Computerized Accounts
- Unit 5 Special points in the audit of banking companies, General Insurance Companies, educational institutions & clubs Investigation : Meaning, Objectives, Procedure, various kind of investigation.

Suggested Readings:

Gupta, Kamal:Contemporary Auditing, Tata McGraw Hill, N. Delhi.

Spicer & Pegler: practical Auditing, W.W.Bigg., Indian Editing by S.V. Gratalia, Allied publishers

Tandon, B.N.: Principles of Auditing, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.

Pagare, Dinkar: Principles of auditing. S. Chand & Co., New Delhi

Pagare, Dinkar: Principles & Practice of Auditing. Sultan. Chand, New Delhi

Sharma, T.R.: Auditing Principles & Problems, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra Jain, Khandelwal & Pareek: Auditing, Ramesh Book Deport, Jaipur

5.4.10 - FINANCIAL MARKET OPERATIONS

- Unit 1 An overview of financial market in India, Money Market: India money market's composition and structure; (a) Acceptance houses (b) Discount houses and (c) Call money market; Recent trends in Indian money market.
- Unit 2 Capital market: Security market (a) New Issue market (b) Secondary market: Function and role of stock exchange; Listing procedure and legal requirements; public issue pricing and marketing;
- Unit 3 Investors protection: Grievance concerning stock exchange dealing and their removal: Grievance cells in stock exchange; SEBI; company Law Board, Press, Remedy through courts.
- Unit 4 Functionaries on Stock Exchanges, Brokers, sub-brokers, market makers, jobbers portfolio consultant, institutional investors and NRIs
- Unit 5 Financial Service: Merchant banking-functions and role SEBI guidelines; credit rating-concept, functions and types.

Suggested Readings:

Chandler, M.V. and Goldfeld, S.M.: Economics of Money and Banking, Harper and Row, New York.

Gupta, Suraj B.: Monetary Economics, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.

Gupta, Suraj B.: Monetary Planning in India, Oxford, New Delhi.

Bhole, L.M.: Financial Markets and Institutions, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Mathur & Dave: Financial Markets Operations, Vide Vision Publisher, Jaipur.

B.A. LL.B./BBA LL.B. V Semester

5.5.1 FAMILY LAW (HINDU LAW)

- Unit 1: Hindu Law: Sources, schools and application. Coparcenary, Joint family property and self-acquired property, Karta and his powers and obligation. Debts-Doctrine of pious obligation, Antecedent debt
- Unit 2: The Hindu Law: Religious and Charitable Endowments-essentials of an endowment. Kinds Shebait and Mahant

Partition: Meaning, property for partition, persons entitled to claim partition and allotment of shares, partition how effected, Determination of Share, Reopening of partition. Re-union

- Unit 3: The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955: Nature, kinds and Conditions of a Hindu marriage, ceremonies for Hindu marriage, Registration of Hindu marriage, Void and voidable marriages.
- Unit 4: The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955: Restitution of conjugal rights, Judicial separation. Legitimacy of children of void and voidable marriages, Divorce, Theories of divorce. Distinction between divorce and voidable marriages
- Unit 5: The Hindu Marriage Ac,1955: Divorce, grounds available to spouses, Alternative relief in divorce proceedings, Divorce by mutual consent, and ancillary remedies under the, Act, divorced persons when may marry again, Jurisdiction and procedure

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mulla: Principles of Hindu Law

Ragh vachariar: Hindu Law-Principles and Precedent

Paras Diwan : Modern Hindu Law Sharma, K.P. : Hindu Law (Hindi)

5.5.2 PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

- Unit 1: Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law, Is International Law a true Law? Weaknesses of International Law Codification and development of International Law, Relation between International Law and State Law, Sources of International Law, Subjects of International Law, Place of individual in International Law.
- Unit 2: Source of International Law, Nationality, Extradition and Asylum
- Unit 3: States in general, Kinds of States and Non-State entities, Acquisition and loss of State Territory, Territorial water, Continental Self, Contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone, Freedom of the High Sea and Piracy
- Unit 4: Recognition of States and Governments, Recognition of Insurgency and belligerency, de facto and de jure recognition, State succession, state Jurisdiction
- Unit 5: State Responsibility, Intervention, Diplomatic agents, Counsels. Classification and Functions of diplomatic agents, Privileges and Immunities of diplomatic agents with reference to Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relation Act, 1961.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Starke: An Introduction of Internatinoal Law

Briggs: Law of Nations

Kapoor, S.K.: International Law

Tandon, M.P.: Public International Law

5.5.3 CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE JUVENILE JUSTICE AND LAW OF PROBATION

- Unit 1: The Criminal Procedure Code, 1973: Object and salient features of Code 1973, Definitions, Territorial division and classification (Chapter II, Omitting Ss. 10, 14, 15, 19,22 and 23), Powers (Chapter III, Ss. 26 to 31)
- Unit 2: Aid to the Magistrates and the Police (Chapter IV Ss. 37-40), Arrest of Persons (Chapter V), Process to compel appearance) Chapter-VI)
- Unit 3: Process to compel production of things (Chapter VII, ; 91to 101) Security for keeping peace and for Good behaviour (Chapter VIII), Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents (Chapter IX)
- Unit 4: Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquility (Chapter X), Preventive Action of the Police) Chapter XI)
- Unity 5: Information to the Police and their powers of investigation (Chapter XI), Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in inquiries and trial (Chapter XIII), Limitation for taking cognizance of certain offences (Chapter XXXVI).

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Ratanlal: Code of Criminal Procedure Sexena R.N.: Criminal Procedure Code,

Kelker R.V.: Outlines of Criminal Procedure Code

5.5.4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

- Unit 1: Definition, Nature, Scope & Development of Administrative Law, Relationship between Administrative Law and Constitutional Law, Sources of Administrative Law, Government Administrative Authorities and Bodies
- Unit 2 : Separation of powers, Rule of Law, the Extent of Executive power, Administrative Finality and the Court Review
- Unit 3: Delegated Legislation: Nature, Scope, Forms, Necessity, Control including Judicial, Parliamentary and Legislative. Conditional Legislation and Subdelegation, Henry VIII Clause
- Unit 4: Principles of Natural Justice and their Control, Doctrine of Bias, Audi Alteram Partem, Right to Consult, Reasoned Decision
- Unit 5: Administrative Adjudication : Reasons for growth, Structure and procedure of Administrative Bodies like Tribunals; Kinds of Tribunals, Finality of the Tribunal decision

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Joshi, K.C.: Administrative Law

Kagzi & Jain, M.C.: The Administrative Law

Massey: Administrative Law Jain & Jain: Administrative Law Kesari, U.P.D.: Administrative Law.

5.5.5 LAW OF CRIMES

- Unit 1: Definition of Crime, Elements of Crime, Stages of Crime, Doctrine of Mens rea, Territorial jurisdiction of I.P.C. (Ss. 1-5),
 General Explanation: Person, Judge, Court, Public servant, movable property, wrongful gain and wrongful loss. Dishonestly Fraudulently.
- Unit 2: General Explanations: Counterfeit, Document, Valuable Security, 'act' and `omission to act', voluntarily, illegal, injury, offence, Life, Good faith, Harbour.

 Joint and Constructive Liability: Common intention, Common Object, Kinds of Punishment under I.P.C., Solitary Confinement.
- Unit 3: General Exceptions: Mistake of facts, Mistake of law, Judicial acts, Accident, acts done without criminal intention and to prevent other harm, act of child, act of person of unsound mind, act of intoxicated person.
- Unit 4: General Exceptions: Acts done with consent and without consent, communication made in good faith, acts done under compulsion, act causing slight harm; Right of private defence,
- Unit 5: Abetment, Criminal conspiracy, offences against state: Sedition (S.124A), Offences affecting Public Peace and State authorities: Unlawful assembly, Riot, Affray, Giving false evidence, fabricating false evidence

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Ratanlal: The Indian Penal Code (Students edition) Gaur, K.D.: Criminal Law, Cases and Material

Bhattacharya T.: The Indian Penal Code Gour, H.S.: The Penal Law of India Singh, Jaipal: The Indian Penal Code Saxena, R.N.: The Indian Penal Code

5.5.6 (A) EQUITY, TRUST AND FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP

- Unit 1: Equity: Definition, Place and functions of equity, Nature and Scope of equity, Classification of Equity jurisdiction, classification of Equitable Rights.
- Unit 2: Equity under Roman, English and Indian Legal System, Origin and Development of Equity in England, Eqity-its relation with the Common Law.
- Unit 3: The Judicature Acts: Courts of Equity and Judicature Acts, Effects of Judicature Acts, Present Relation of Law and Equity. Nature of Equitable Rights and Interests.
- Unit 4: Maxims of equity,
- Unit 5: Trust: Definitions, Significance, Kinds of Trusts. Indian Trust Act, 1882: Essentials & Creation of Trusts.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Upadhyaya, J.J.R.: Equity, Trusts with Fiduciary. Relations and Specific Relief Gandhi, B.M.: Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief Varadachri, VK.: Public Trusts and Taxation

OPTIONAL

5.5.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)

- Unit 1: Insurance: Definition, nature and history of insurance, Concept of Insurance and law of contract and law of torts, future of insurance in globalized economy, History and development of insurance in India, Insurance Regulatory Authority: Role and functions.
- Unit 2: General principles of law of Insurance: Contract of Insurance, classification, nature and Parties of Contract of Insurance, Principles of good faith, Misrepresentation in insurance contract; insurable interest; the risk; the policy, classification of policies: its forms and contents, its commencement, duration, cancellation, alteration, rectification, renewal, assignment, construction; Conditions of the policy.
- Unit 3: Life Insurance: Nature and scope of life insurance, definition, kinds of life insurance, the policy and formation of a life insurance contract; Event insured against life insurance contract.
- Unit 4: Life Insurance: Circumstances affecting the risk; Amounts recoverable under life policy; Persons entitled to payment; Settlement of claim and payment of money.
- Unit 5 :Marine Insurance: Nature and scope; Classification of marine policies; the Marine Insurance Act 1963 : Aims & salient features of the Act.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mishra, M.N.: Insurance-Principles and Practices

Rao, C.K.: Treaties on the Law of Insurance The Insurance Act, 1938 The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956

Karkara, G.S.: Commentary on Public Liability Insurance Act Murthy and Sharma: Modern Law of Insurance in India

5.5.7 VII – French Language

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Unit 1: Alphabets Vowels and Consonants,
          Genders, Numbers
          Article (indefinite)
          Pronunciation: Othographic rules concerning written account marks. Sentence strcture,
          punctuation rules.
          Nouns: (Singular and Plural)
          Pronouns
          Article : (Definite)
          Adjective : (Colour and Shapes)
          Proposition
Unit 2: La personnes: (the persons)
         La choses:
                         (the things)
          La Matiere:
                         (the materials)
          Basic Verb:
          ETRE: (to be) 3 forms
          Verb : Avoir (to have)
          Ordinal Numbers
          Possessive Adjective (Singular and Plural)
          Le corps : (the body)
Unit 3: Verb: 1<sup>st</sup> Group Present (Indefinite)
          Comparative articles
          L'heure (the hour)
Unit 4: Verb - 2<sup>nd</sup> Group
         Le jour – the day
          Le mois – the month
          L anne'c – the year
          Les seasons – the seasons
          Demonstrative Adjectives
          Les measures (the mea)
          L'age – (the age)
         La maison – (the house)
         La famille – (the family)
Unit 5: Verb -3^{rd} group
         Tebnse – Passe' Compose (Past Simple)
          Partitive articles
          Les repas – (the meals)
Prescribed Text:
Course de language it. De civilization Françaises, volume I,
Lesson 26 -50
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Modern French course dendo.

B.A. LL.B./BBA LL.B. VI Semester

5.6.1 FAMILY LAW (HINDU LAW)

- Unit 1: The Hindu Succession Act, 1956: Definition, Succession to the property of a Hindu male. Succession to interest in coparcenary property, property of a Hindu female, Succession to the property of a Hindu female,
- Unit 2: The Hindu Succession Act, 1956: General rules and disqualifications of succession, Escheat
 - The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956: Requisites of valid adoption, Capacity to take in adoption, capacity to give 'in' adoption
- Unit 3: The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956: Persons who may be adopted, other conditions for a valid adoption. Effects of adoption, Miscellaneous provision of adoption.
- Unit 4: The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956: Maintenance of wife, children and parents, Maintenance of widowed daughter-in-law, Dependents and their maintenance. Amount of maintenance, Miscellaneous provisions of maintenance.
- Unit 5: The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956: Definitions, Natural guardians and their powers. Testamentary guardians and their powers, de facto guardian general provisions of guardianship

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mulla: Principles of Hindu Law

Ragh vachariar: Hindu Law-Principles and Precedent

Paras Diwan: Modern Hindu Law Sharma, K.P.: Hindu Law (Hindi)

5.6.2 PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS

- Unit 1: Treaties: Definition, Basis, classification and formation of treaties. Interpretation and revision of treaties, principles of jus cogens and pacta sunt survenda, termination of treaties. Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. Pacific and compulsive means of settlement of international disputes
- Unit 2: International Institution: League of Nations, United Nations. History and formation of United Nations, Organs of United Nations with specific reference to General Assembly, Security Council and International Court of Justice, New International Economic Order and Disarmament
- Unit 3: War: Its legal character and effects, Enemy character, Armed conflicts and other hostile relations, belligerent Occupation, War Crimes, termination of war and doctrine of postliminium, Prize courts.
- Unit 4: The law of Neutrality-Basis of neutrality, Rights and duties of neutral state and belligerent States. Quasi neutrality and U.N. Charter. Right of Angary, Contraband, Blockade, unneutral Service, Right of Visit and Search.
- Unit 5 :Human Rights : Introduction, Meaning, Definition & Brief History. The Protection of Human Rights Act 1993 National Human Rights Commission, Human Rights Commission of Rajasthan, Role of Judiciary in Promotion and Protection of Human Rights.

Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948, Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966 and covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights, 1966

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Starke: An Introduction of Internatinoal Law

Briggs: Law of Nations

Kapoor, S.K.: International Law

Tandon, M.P.: Public International Law

Ian Browall: Basic Documents on Human Rights

H. Lauterpatch: International Law and Human Rights (1950)

The United Nations and Human Rights: Office of Public Information United Nations (1973)

Frede Castberg: The European Convention on Human Rights (1974) C.J. Jenks: Human Rights and

International Labour Standards (1960)

5.6.3 CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE JUVENILE JUSTICE AND LAW OF PROBATION

- Unit 1: Conditions Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings (Chapter XIV), Complaints to Magistrates (Chapter XV), Commencement of Proceedings before Magistrates (Chapter XVI), The charges (Chapter XVII)
- Unit 2: Trial before Court of Session (Chapter XVIII), Trial of Warrant Cases by Magistrates (Chapter XIX), Trial of Summons Cases by Magistrates (Chapter XX), Summary Trials (Chapter XXI), Judgement (Chapter XXVII)
- Unit 3: Appeal (Chapter XXIX), References and Revision (Chapter XXX), Provisions as to Bail and Bonds (Chapter XXXIII)
- Unit 4: Miscellaneous Provisions: Autrifois acquit and Autrofois convict (S.300), Legal aid to accused (S.304), Pardon to accomplice (Ss. 306, 307, 308), Compounding of offences (S.320), Irregular Proceedings (Chapter XXXV), Savings of inherent powers of High Court (s. 482)
- Unit 5: (a) The Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of children) Act, 2015: Definitions, Juvenile Justice Board, Juvenile Justice Committee, Offences under the Act, Rehabilitation of child, Appeal and revision
 - (b) The probation of Offenders Act, 1958 : Definitions Powers of Courts, Sureties, Duties of Probation Officers

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Ratanlal: Code of Criminal Procedure Sexena R.N.: Criminal Procedure Code,

Kelker R.V.: Outlines of Criminal Procedure Code

5.6.4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW, RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT & PUBLIC SERVICE GUARANTEE ACT (RAJASTHAN)

- Unit 1: Judicial Control of Administrative Action: Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and QuoWarranto writs. Redressal of Citizens Grievances, Central Vigilance Commission,
- Unit 2: Commission of Enquiry Act, 1952: Definitions, Appointment and Powers of Commissions, Persons not obliged to disclose certain information, Procedure to be adopted by Commission, Rights of persons, Protections And Penalties
- Unit 3 :The Right to Information Act, 2005 : Definition, Right to information and obligations of Public Authorities, Exemption from disclosure of information, The Central & State Information Commission: Constitution, Powers and Functions, Appeal and Penalties, Miscellaneous Provisions.
- Unit 4: Government Liability in Torts and Contract, suits against the Government and Public Authorities-Ombusdman, Lokpal Lokayukta of the State of Rajasthan,
- Unit 5: Public Corporation and undertakings including their parliamentary and judicial control
 Public Service Guarantee Act (Rajasthan) 2011: Definitions, Aims and Salient features of the act, Duties of the Government Officials, Penalties, Appeal

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Joshi, K.C.: Administrative Law

Kagzi & Jain, M.C.: The Administrative Law

Massey: Administrative Law Jain & Jain: Administrative Law Kesari, U.P.D.: Administrative Law. The Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952 The Right of Information Act, 2005

The Public Service Guarantee Act (Rajasthan), 2011

5.6.5 LAW OF CRIMES

- Unit 1: Public nuisance (S.268), Sale etc. of obscene books and obscene objects to young persons (S. 292, 293) Obscene acts and songs (S. 294)

 Offences affecting the Human body: Culpable Homicide Murder, Criminal negligence and rashness, Dowry-death, Abetment and Attempt to suicide.
- Unit 2: Offences affecting the Human Body: Miscarriage, Hurt, Grievous hurt, Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement, Criminal force, Assault, Kidnapping and abduction, Sexual offences.
- Unit 3: Offences against Property: Theft, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity, Criminal misappropriation, Criminal breach of trust, Receiving stolen property, Cheating.
- Unit 4: Offences against Property: Mischief, Criminal Trespass, House Trespass, Lurking House trespass, House breaking offences relating to document:" Forgery, Making a forged document. Property mark.
- Unit 5: Offences relating to Marriage (S. 493-498), Cruelty by Husband or Relatives of Husband (S.498 A), Defamation, Criminal Intimation, Criminal Insult.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Ratanlal : The Indian Penal Code (Students edition) Gaur, K.D. : Criminal Law, Cases and Material

Bhattacharya T.: The Indian Penal Code Gour, H.S.: The Penal Law of India Singh, Jaipal: The Indian Penal Code Saxena, R.N.: The Indian Penal Code

5.6.6 (A) EQUITY, TRUST AND FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP AND RAJASTHAN SOCIETY REGISTRATION ACT, 1958

- Unit 1: Indian Trust Act, 1982: Appointment and Removal of Trustees, Duties and Liabilities of Trustees, Rights and Powers of Trustees.
- Unit 2: Indian Trust Act, 1882: Disabilities of Trustees, The Rights and Liabilities of Beneficiaries, Extinction of Trusts.
- Unit 3: Rajasthan Public Trusts Act, 1959: Definition and validity of certain public trusts, Appointment of Officers and servants, Establishment and functions of Board and Committees, Registration of Public Trusts.
- Unit 4: Rajasthan Public Trust Act, 1959: Management of Public Trust, Powers of Officers in relation to Public Trust, Control of Public Trust, Special provisions in relation to certain trusts- Dharmada, Procedure and Penalties.
- Unit 5: Fiduciary Relationship: Definitions, Kinds and Principles of Fiduciary Relationship. Rajasthan Society Registration Act, 1958: Salient features of the Act, Application of the Act, Procedure for Registration, Penalties for non-compliance, Formalities regarding alterations, Disposal of Property upon dissolution.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Upadhyaya, J.J.R.: Equity, Trusts with Fiduciary. Relations and Specific Relief

Gandhi, B.M.: Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief Varadachri, VK.: Public Trusts and Taxation

Aquail Ahgmed: Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relation

Rajasthan Society Registration Act, 1958.

OPTIONAL

5.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)

- Unit 1: The Marine Insurance Act, 1963: Insurable interest, insurable value; Marine insurance policy, conditions, express warranties construction of terms of policy; Voyage deviation; Perils of the sea; Partial loss of ship and of freight, salvage, general average, particular charges; Measure of indemnity, total valuation, liability to third parties.
- Unit 2: Insurance Against Third Party Risks: The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988, nature and scope, persons governed, definitions of 'use', 'drives', 'motor vehicle', requirements of policy, statutory contract between insurer and drive rights of third parties.
- Unit 3: The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988: Effect of insolvency or death on claims, certificate of insurance; Claims tribunal, constitution, functions, application for compensation who can apply, procedure and powers of claims tribunal, its award; Co-operative insurance.
- Unit 4: Social Insurance in India: Elements and need, Workmen's compensation, scope, risks covered, industrial accidents, occupational diseases, amount of compensation, Sickness insurance, pension insurance, public provident fund, Unemployment insurance; Social insurance for people like seamen, circus workers and agricultural workers.
- Unit 5: The Actuaries Act, 2006: Definitions, Institute of Actuaries in India, Register of Members, Misconduct, Appeals, Penalties Quality Review board, Dissolution of Actuarial Society.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mishra, M.N.: Insurance-Principles and Practices

Rao, C.K.: Treaties on the Law of Insurance The Insurance Act, 1938 The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956

Karkara, G.S.: Commentary on Public Liability Insurance Act Murthy and Sharma: Modern Law of Insurance in India

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. Five Year VII Semester 5.7.1 FAMILY LAW II (MOHAMMEDAN LAW)

- Unit 1: Origin, Development, Sources, Schools, Application, Interpretation and Conversion Marriage: Nature of marriage, Essentials of marriage, Khyar-ul-bulug, Iddat, Khilwat-us-sahi,
- Unit 2: Matrimonial Stipulations, Kinds of marriage and effects of marriage Mehar: Meaning and nature of Mehar (dower), kinds, objects and subject matter of dower, wife's rights on non-payment of Mehar.
- Unit 3: Guardianship Appointment of guardian, Kinds of guardianship Dissolution of marriage: Talaq, Ila, Zihar, Talaqe-tafweez, Mubarat, Khula, Lian, Faskh, Section 2 of the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939; Legal effects of divorce.
- Unit 4: Pre-emption: Meaning and nature of Haq Shufa (Preemption), classification of pre-emption, Right of pre-emption when conflict of law, subject matter and formalities of pre-emption, Legal effect of pre-emption, Devices for evading pre-emption
- Unit5 Legal effect of pre-emption, Devices for evading pre-emption, Gift: Meaning of gift (Hiba), Requisites of gift, Gift of Musha, conditional and future gift, Life Interest Hiba-bil ewaj, Hiba-shart-ul-ewaj

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Faize: Mohammedan Law

Mulla: Principles of Mohammedan Law

Verma, B.R.: Islamic Law

Aquil Ahmed: Mohammedan Law

5.7.2 COMPANY LAW AND NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT

- Unit 1: Definition of company, kinds of company, Corporate personality, formation of company,
- Unit 2: Lifting the corporate veil, The Memorandum of Association and Article of Association, Binding effects,
- Unit 3: Doctrine of Ultra Vires and Doctrine of Indoor Management, Promoters and preliminary Contract.
- Unit 4: Prospectus, Share Capital, shares, Members and shareholders,
- Unit 5: Debentures, Directors and borrowings, Managing directors

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Shah S.M.: Lectures on Company Law

Avtar Singh: Company Law

Sen, G.M.: Company Law. Cases and Materials Indian Partnership Act, 1932 Sanghal P.S.: National and Multinational Companies: Some Legal Issues.

5.7.3 LABOUR & INDUSTRIAL LAWS

ACTS FOR STUDY

- 1. The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947,
- 2. The Trade Unions Act, 1926,
- Unit 1 :Historical Development of Industrial Disputes legislation in India; Objects and Reason, Various modes of settlement of disputes.
- Unit2: Scope and Definitions of important terms, Authorities under this Act Reference of Disputes to Boards, Courts or Tribunals, Procedure, powers and Duties of Authorities.
- Unit 3: Strike and Lock-out, Lay-off and Retrenchment, Special Provision Relating to Lay-off, Retrenchment and Closure in certain establishments.
- Unit 4: Change in condition of service during pendency of dispute, unfair labour practices.

Unit5: Trade Union Movement in India-Aims and Object-Extent and commencement of the Trade Unions Act, 1926.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Indian Law Institute: Law and Labour Management Relations in India

Giri, V.V.: Labour Problems in Industry

Malik, P.L.: Industrial Law (6th Ed.)

Dhingra, L.C.: Labour Law

Goswami, VG.: Labour and Industrial Law

OPTIONAL PAPER

5.7.4 (A) LAND LAWS

THE RAJASTHAN TENANCY ACT, 1955

Unit 1: Preliminary Objects and Reasons: Definitions (S.5): Agriculture, Bisvedar, Estate, Estate Holder, Jagirdar, Jagir Land, Holding, Grove Land, Improvement, Khudkash, Land, Land Holder, Land Owner, Malik, Pasture Land, Rent, Revenue, Tenant, Sub-Tenant, Jamindar, Trasspasser, Nalbut, Khatedari Rights upon resumption & Abolition of Jagirs, (Section 13), Classes of Tenants (S. 14), Khatedar Tenant (S.15), Gair Khatedar Tenants (S. 17), Maliks (S.17(A)), Land on which Khatedari Rights donot accrue (S.16).

Primary Rights of tenants (Ss. 31 to 37), Devolution of tenancies (S.38 to 40), Transfer of tenancies (S.41 to 47), Exchange of tenancies (S. 48 to 52), Division of Holdings (S. 53), Surrender (S. 55 to 59), Abandonment (S. 61 & 62), extinction of tenancies (S. 63 & 64), Rights of Khatedar to make improvements (S. 66), Restrictions on Improvement (S. 67), trees (S. 79 to 86), Declaratory Suits (S. 88 to 92 (A)).

Unit 2: Grounds for Ejectment of tenants and Remedies for Wrongful ejectment (Ss. 169 to 188), Provision for injunction and appointment of Receiver (S. 212).

Procedure and Jurisdiction of Courts (Ss. 206 to 211 & 213 to 221), Appeals (S.222 to 228)

Review (S. 229), Revision (S. 230), Reference (S. 231 & 232), Question of tenancy right in Civil Courts (S. 242), Conflict of Jurisdiction (S. 243), Rights of way and other private easement (S. 251), Laying of Underground Pipeline or opening a new way through another Khatedar's holding or enlarging the existing way (S. 251-A).

THE RAJASTHAN LAND REVENUE ACT, 1956

Unit 3: Preliminary Objects and Reasons, The Board of Revenue (Ss. 4 to 14), Revenue Courts and Officers (Ss. 15 to 36), Appeal (S. 74 to S. 81), Reference (S. 82), Revision (S. 83 to 84 (A)) Review (S. 86), Application of Limitation Act, 1963 (S. 87).

Land: use of land (S. 88, S.90), use of Agricultural Land for Non-Agricultural purposes (s. 90-A), unauthorised Occupation of Land (S. 91), Allotment of Land for Agricultural purpose (S. 101), Survey and Record operations: General (Ss. 106 to 109), Boundary Marks (Ss. 110 to 111) Maps and Field Books (S.112)

Unit 4: Record of Rights (Ss. 113 to 127), Maintenance of Maps and Records (S. 128 & 131), Annual Registers (S. 132), Mutations (Ss. 133 to 135), Correction of Entries (S. 136), Settlement operations: General (Ss.142 to 146), Economic Survey (S.148), Formation of Assessment Circles (S. 149), Soil classification (S.150), Evolution and Modification of rent rates, preparation of rent rate reports. its submission and finalisation (Ss. 151 to 167),

Tenants option to refuse rent determined and its effect (Ss. 168 to 172), Preparation of Dastoor Ganwai (Ss. 173 to 174), Term of settlement (Ss. 175 to 177), Processes for Recovery of Revenue (S. 228), Writ of demand and citation to appear (Ss. 229 and 229-A), Attachment and Sale of movable property (S. 230), Attachment of the Land (Ss. 231 to 233), Process of Sale (S. 234 to 253).

- Unit 5: (1) The Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001: Definition (S. 2), Application (S. 3,4, 5), Revision of rent (S. 5,6, 7), Limited Period Tenancy (S. 8), Eviction of Tenants (S. 9), right of land lord (S. 10), restoration of possession to illegally evicted tenant (S. 11 & 12), constitution, powers, Jurisdiction of Rent Tribunal, Appellate Rent Tribunal (S. 13 to 21), Appointment of Rent Authority (S. 22-A), Tenancy Agreements (S. 22-B), Period of Tenancy (S. 22-C), Revision of Rent, Security Deposit, Depositing of Rent, etc., (S. 22-D to 22-G), Amenities (S. 23 & 24)
 - (2) Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 : Aims and Objects
 - (b) The National Highways Act, 1956 S. 3A to 3J) Procedure for acquisition of Land for National Highway.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Suresh Chand H. Mathur: Law of Tenancy in Rajasthan

Shivlal Gupta: The Rajasthan Tenancy Act S.K. Dutt: Tenancy Law in Rajasthan

S.K. Dutt: Rajasthan Land Revenue Act

S.K. Dutt: Rent Control in Rajasthan

S.C.H. Mathur & Mathur – Land Revenue Law in Rajasthan

The Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001.

Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and

Resettlement Act, 2013

The National Highway Act, 1956

OPTIONAL PAPER

5.7.4 (B) CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

- Unit 1: Criminology: Definition, Nature and Scope, Methods of studying criminal behaviour, Importance of Criminology Crime: Definition and Nature, classification of crime, organised and professional crime
- Unit 2: Schools of Criminological Thoughts:
 - 1. Ancient School
 - 2. Classical School
 - 3. Cartographical or Ecological School
 - 4. Socialistic School
 - 5. Typological School
 - 6. Sociological School
 - 7. Multifactor School
- Unit 3: Control of Crime: Police and Law Courts, Prison system, Resocialisation of the offender, Prevention of crime delinquency, Alcoholism and Drugs. Influence of mass media
- Unit 4: Definition of punishment. Relationship between criminology and penology, History of punishment. Kinds of Punishment, White collar criminals, Female offenders, Juvenile Delinquent and adolescent offenders
- Unit5: Victimology:
 - (i) Definition and types of the victim.
 - (ii) Persons vulnerable to victimization 1.Elderly,2. Children, 3. Female.
 - (iii) Compensation to victims.
 - (iv) Judicial activism and victims.
 - (ii) Devictimization and UN charter.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Barnes, H.B. and Tectors: New Horizons in Criminology

Vold, G.S.: Theoretical Criminology

Pillai, K.S.: Criminology R. Teft, Donald: Criminology

Edwin, H. Sutherland and Donald R. Grussey: Principles of Criminology

Horman Mannhaim: Pioneers in Crimmology Hon-Barren, Mays: Crime and the Social Structures

Ahmed Siddiqui: Criminology-Problems and Perspectives

Lord Pakenham: Causes of Crime

S. Venugopala Rao: Facts of Crime in India

Komm, R.R. and Mogorble: Law-Criminology and Penology Grunhut: Criminal Justice and Reconstruction, Madolm: Criminal Justice and Reconstruction, Gorden Rose: The Struggle for Penal Reform, LL.T.: Essays on Indian Penal Code, Ben-Penology: Old and New-Tagore Law Lectures Clict: Conflicting Penal Theories in Statutory Criminal Law, Shamsul Huda: Tagore Law Lectures on Criminal Law, Lawburse: Crime, Its Causes and Remedies, Dequires: Modern Theories of Criminology

Gillin: Criminology and Penology, Beccaria: Crime and Punishment, The Criminal Procedure Code

5.7.5 LAWS RELATING TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- Unit 1: Concept, Nature and Scope of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) International Regime of IPR with special reference to world Trade Organization (WTO),
- Unit 2: Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS), The Copyrights Act 1957 as amended from time to time: Nature, meaning, object and works in which copyrights subsists. Copyrights Authorities: Powers and functions.
- Unit 3: Ownership of copyrights, Rights of owner, assignment, term of copyrights, license compulsory license. Copyrights societies, international copyrights.
- Unit 4: Rights of broadcasting organization and of performers. Registration infringement, remedies and appeals.
- Unit 5: The Patent Act, 1970 as amended from time to time.
 - (i) Inventions patentable and non-patentable
 - (ii) Rights of inventor/patentee
 - (iii) Procedure for obtaining patent, opposition, grant, sealing

SUGGESTED READINGS

B.L. Wadhera: Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, :Copyrights Designs & Geographical Indications, 1999

GB. Reddy's Intellectual Property Rights Law, Steward, G.M.: International Copy Right and Neighbouring Rights Steward, GM.: Indian Copy RightAct,1957

Steward, GM.: Borne Convention Implementation Act, 1988 Vikas Vashistha: Law and Practice of Intellectual Property Vikas Vashistha: The Trade and Merchandise MarksAct,1959 S. P. Narayan: Patent Law (1985 ed.)

5.7.6 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, ADVOCACY FOR LAWYERS AND BAR-BENCH RELATIONS, PUBLIC INTEREST LAWERING, LEGAL AID AND PARA LEGAL SERVICES

- Unit 1: Legal Profession in its Historical perspective-Position before Legal Practitioners Act, 1879; upto. Indian Bar Council Act, 1926, and history of Legal Profession up to Advocates Act, 1961. Professional conduct and Professional ethics-Nature and Scope, Duty to the Profession, Rights and Privileges of an advocate
- Unit 2: Duties towards Courts and clients Duties towards opponent and Duties towards public. Code of professional ethics, punishment for misconduct and procedure, Under the Advocate Act, 1961
- Unit 3: Selected opinions of disciplinary committees and Supreme Court decisions on professional misconduct as reported in the immediate preceding year
- Unit 4: Legal Aid-Meaning, Nature, Scope and Development.
 - (a) Legal Aid and Constitution of India
 - (b) Legal Services Authorities Act-Objectives, Establishment of Authorities and their powers, Eligibility for Legal Aid.
 - (c) Legal Aid to accused at State expenses (303-304 of the Cr. P.C.)
- Unit 5: (a) Public Interest Litigation-Meaning, Scope, Necessity, Locus-Standi
 - (b) Lok Adalats and their working
 - (c) Para-Legal Counselling Meaning, Necessity, Scope, Training for Para-legal services
 - (d) One leading case of the Supreme Court on PIL

READING MATERIAL

- 1. M. Krishna Murthy lyer's Book on Advocacy
- 2. The Contempt Law of Practice
- 3. The Bar Council Code of Ethics
- 4. SQ selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committee of Bar Council and 10 major judgements of the Supreme Court on the subject, in the immediate preceding year

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. Five Year VIII Semester

5.8.1 FAMILY LAW II (MOHAMMEDAN LAW)

- Unit 1: Will: Competence of testator and legatee, valid subject of will, testamentary limitation, Formalities of a will and Abatement of legacy. Legitimacy and acknowledgement: Legitimacy and legitimation.
- .Unit 2 Presumption of legitimacy under Muslim Law and Section 112 of the Indian Evidence Act, Conditions of valid acknowledgment Maintenance: Persons entitled to Maintenance, Principles of maintenance. The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986
- Unit 3 Death-Bed-Transactions: Meaning and effect of Marjulmaut Wakf: Meaning and essential of a Wakf, Beneficiaries of Wakf, the Wakf Validating Act, 1913, Formalities for creation of Wakf of Musha, kinds of Wakf,
- Unit 4: Muslim religious institutions and offices, Administration of Wakfs Inheritance: General Principles of law of inheritance, Doctrines ofAul and Radd under Hanafi and Shia Law.
- Unit 5: Protection of Women Against Domestic Violence Act, 2005, Definitions: aggrieved person, child, compensation order, custody order, domestic violence, Protection Officer, protection order, residence order, service provider, shared household, Jurisdiction.of the Court, Procedure for seeking relief under the Act, remedies and reliefs, Penalty for breach of protection order by respondent., Cognizance and proof. Penalty for not discharging duty by Protection Officer Cognizance of offence committed by Protection Officer.

Books Recommended:

Faize: Mohammedan Law

Mulla: Principles of Mohammedan Law

Verma, B.R.: Islamic Law

Aguil Ahmed: Mohammedan Law

5.8.2 COMPANY LAW AND NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT

Unit1: Majority power and minority rights: Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement, Merger, Acquisitions Takeover

Unit 2: Amalgamation and reconstruction, Meetings of company, Winding up and Dissolution: Distinction.

Unit 3: Winding up by Court, voluntary winding up, compulsory winding up, Liquidators

Onit4: Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881: essential features, Promissory note, Bill of Exchange, Cheque, Dishonour.

Unit5: Incohate stamped, Holder, Holder in due course, Kinds of endorsement, Noting, Public Notary, Discharge from Liability, Civil Liability, Liability, Procedure for Prosecution, extent of Penalty.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Shah S.M.: Lectures on Company Law

Avtar Singh: Company Law

Sen, G.M.: Company Law. Cases and Materials Indian Partnership Act, 1932 Sanghal P.S.: National and Multinational Companies: Some Legal Issues

Avtar Singh: Newgotiable Instrument Act, 1881

Bashyam and Adiga, The Negotiable Instruments Act (1997)

Bharath Law House, New Delhi.

5.8.3 LABOUR & INDUSTRIAL LAWS

ACTS FOR STUDY

- 1. The Trade Unions Act, 1926,
- 2. The Factories Act, 1948,
- 3. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Unit:1Definition and nature of Trade Union

Registration of Trade Unions: Rights and Liabilities of Registered Trade Unions, Recognition to Trade Unions, Dissolution, Collective Bargaining.

Unit 2 :History of Factory Legislation : Objects and Reasons-Scope and applicability-Definitions of some Important terms The Inspecting Staff : Health, Safety, Welfare Provisions.

Unit 3:working hours for Adults, Employment of Young persons, Annual Leave with Wages Concept of Wages, particularly, Minimum Fair and Living wages.

Unit4:Aims and Objects of the Minimum Wages Act. Application, Fixation and revision of minimum rates of wages.

Unit5:Adjudication of claims relating to Minimum wages and Miscellaneous provisions.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Indian Law Institute: Law and Labour Management Relations in India

Giri, V.V.: Labour Problems in Industry

Malik, P.L.: Industrial Law (6th Ed.)

Dhingra, L.C.: Labour Law

Goswami, VG.: Labour and Industrial Law

5.8.4 LAWS RELATING TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- Unit1: Patent office, controller, his functions and powers.

 Working of patents, compulsory licenses, Revocation, Acquisition of patent by Central Government..
- Unit 2: Infringement, remedies, offences and penalties.

 Patenting life forms and animal variety. Trade Marks Act 1999 as amended for time to time. Meaning of Trade Marks, Kinds of Trade Marks.
- Unit 3: Registration of Trade Marks, procedure, duration, renewal and effect of registration. Infringement of Trade Marks and remedies. Transfer and transmission of trade Marks. Use and registered user of trade marks.
- Unit 4: Certification of trade Marks, Textile goods and Trade marks.

 Offence and Penalties. Law relating to protection of Plant Breeders Rights
- Unit 5: Geographical Indications of Goods. Bio-diversiaty Act. Trade in Intellectual Property.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- B.L. Wadhera: Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, :Copyrights Designs & Geographical Indications, 1999
- GB. Reddy's Intellect+ ual Property Rights Law, Steward, G.M.: International Copy Right and Neighbouring Rights Steward, GM.: Indian Copy RightAct,1957
- Steward, GM.: Borne Convention Implementation Act, 1988 Vikas Vashistha: Law and Practice of Intellectual Property Vikas Vashistha: The Trade and Merchandise MarksAct,1959 S. P. Narayan: Patent Law (1985 ed.)

5.8.5 CYBER LAW, INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ACT AND SPACE LAW

Unit 1: International Prospective of Cyber Law

United States Cyber Law

Australian Cyber Law

Japanese Cyber Law

U.K. Computer Act

French Computer Crime

Marinitius Cyber Law

SriLanka's Cyber Crime Law

Pakistan Cyber Law

Bangladesh Cyber Law

Cyber Crimes – Definition

Reasons for Cyber Crimes

Classification of Cyber Crimes

Viruses, Hacking, E-mail Spoofing, Computer Vandalism,

Cyber Terrorism, Cyber Ponography, Cyber defamation

E-mail frauds (Spam), Money Laundering, Data-diddling

Unit 2: 1. Preliminary

- 2. Digital Signatures
- 3. Electronic Governance
- 4. Attribution, Acknowledgment and Dispatch of Electronic Records
- Unit 3:1. Secure Electronic Records and Secure Digital Signatures
 - 2. Regulation of Certifying Authorities.
 - 3. Digital Signature Certificates,
 - 4. Duties of Subscribers
- Unit 4:1. Penalties and Adjudication
 - 2. The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal
 - 3. Offences
 - Cyber Crimes- Definitions, Classifications and types
 - 4. Network Service Providers not to be liable in certain cases
 - 5. Miscellaneous e-mail frauds, money laundering, data hiding

Unit 5: Space Law

Definition, nature, sope and development

Sources

UN and Outer Space

International co-operation for peaceful use

Development by General Assembly resolutions

UN space treaties: strengths and needs

Development of law by treaties

The space treaty 1967

The rescue Agreement 1968

The Liability Convention 1972

The Registration Convention 1975

The Moon Treaty 1979
Partial Test Ban Treaty 1963
Weather Modification Convention 1977
Environmental protection
IPR rights
India and Space Law
Space policy
Need for the law in the country

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Azbeyratne, RIR,. Legal and Regulatory Issues in International Aviation (1996), Transnational Publishers, NY. Bhatt S., The New Aviation Policy of India: Liberalization and Deregulation, (1997), Lancers Books, N. Delhi. Bhatt S. Et. Al. (Ed.), Air Law and Policy in India (1994), Lancers Books, N. Delhi

Blackloack, Mark. (Ed.), International Civil Aviation Organization: 50 Years Global Celebrations 1944-1994. (1995), International Systems and Communication Ltd., London

Blackshaw, Carole, Aviation Law and Regulation-A Framework for Civil Aviation Industry (1992), Pitman Publishing, London

Button, Kennath, (ed.), Airline Deregulation: International Experience (1991), Fulton Publishers, London Groenewege, A.D., Compendium of International Civil Aviation (1996), International Civil Aviation Corprn., Montreal

Mani V.S., Et. Al., (Eds.), Recent Trends in International Space and Policy, (1997), Lancers Books, N. Delhi. Wassenbergh, H.A. Principales and Practices in Air Transport Regulations (1993), ITA Press, Paris

PAPER 5.8.6

PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION AND INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Unit 1: 1. Principles of Legislation

Law-making - the legislature, executive and the judiciary, Legislation as a source of law, Relation of legislation to other sources of law, Advantages of legislation over precedent and precedent over legislation and Distinction between morals and legislation.

2. Interpretation of Statutes

Meaning of the term 'statutes', Commencement, operation and repeal of statutes, and Purpose of interpretation of statutes.

Unit 2: Aids to Interpretation

Internal aids, Title, Preamble, Headings and marginal notes, Punctuation marks, Illustrations, exceptions, provisos and saving clauses, Schedules, Non-obstante clause, External aids, Dictionaries, Statutes in pari materia, Contemporanea Exposito, Debates, inquiry commission reports and Law Commission reports

Unit 3: 1. Rules of Statutory Interpretation

Primary Rules, Literal rule, Golden rule, Mischief rule (rule in the Heydon's case), Rule of harmonious construction, Secondary Rules, Noscitur a sociis, Ejusdem generis, Red

Nb 0dendo singula singulis,

2. Presumptions in statutory interpretations

Statutes are territorial in operation, Presumption as to jurisdiction, Presumption against what is inconvenient or absurd, Presumption against intending injustice, Presumption against intending injustice, Presumption against impairing obligations or premitting advantage from one's own wrong, Prospective operation of statutes.

Unit 4: 1. Maxims of Statutory Interpretation

Delegatus non protest delegare, Expressio unius exclusio alterius, Generalia specialibus non derogant, In pari delicto potior est conditio possidentis, Utres valet potior quam pareat, Expressum facit cessare facitum, In bonam partem.

2. Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and purpose Restrictive and beneficial construction, Taxing statutes, Penal statutes, Welfare legislation,

Unit 5: 1. Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and purpose

Interpretation of substantive and adjunctival statues, Interpretation of directory and mandatory provisions, Interpretation of enabling statutes, Interpretation of codifying and consolidating statutes.

2. Principles of Constitutional Interpretation

Doctrine of pith and substance, Colourable legislation, Ancillary powers, "Occupied Field". Principle of Severability, Principle of Eclipse.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

G.P. Singh, Principles of Statutory Interpretation, (7th Edition) 1999, Wadhwa, Nagput.

P.St. Langan (Ed.). Maxwell on The Interpretation of Statutes (1976) N.M. Tripathi, Bombay.

K.Shanmukham, N.S. Bindras's Interpretation of Statutes, (1997) The Law Book Co. Allahabad.

V. Sarathi, Interpretation of Statutes, (1984) Eastern, Lucknow.

M.P. Jain, Constitutional Law of India, (1994 Wadhwa & Co.

M.P. Singh, (Ed.) V.N. Sukha's Consitution of India, (1994) Eastern, Lucknow.

U.Baxi, Introduction to Justice K.K. Mathew's, Democracy Equality and Freedom (1978) Eastern, Lucknow

B.A. LL.B/BBA LL.B.-IX SEMESTER

5.9.1 LAW OF PROPERTY

- Unit 1: Preliminary: Definition, Essentials of Transfer, Competence of parties, subject matter of transfer, transfer to unborn person, registration of transfer, etc.,
- Unit 2: General Rules or Transfer, Restrains on alienation absolute or partial, Restrains on free enjoyment, Covenants affecting enjoyment, divesting on insolvency
- Unit 3: Rules against Perpetuities, Future estates, -Doctrine of acceleration, Accumulation of income, exceptions
- Unit 4: Conditional transfer, Condition precedent, condition subsequent; vested and contingent interest, Doctrine of Election, Priority of rights.
- Unit 5: Notice, transfer by limited owners transfer of property out of which maintenance claims have to be met. Transfer by person authorized only under certain circumstances to transfer. Transfer where third person is entitled to Maintenance Section 39. Transfer by holding out; Transfer by co-owner.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

The Transfer of Property Act (Act IV of 1882) as amended upto date Mulla:

Transfer of Property Act

Joshi: The Indian Easements Act (Act V of 1882)

Menon, A.D.: The Law of Property Sarthi, V.P.: Law of Transfer of Property Shukla, S.N.: Transfer of Property Act Saxena, LC.: Transfer of Property Act

5.9.2 CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE

Unit 1: Definitions, suits in general, suits of civil nature

Unit 2: Res judicata, Res subjudice, Foreign Judgment

Unit 3: Place of trial, Transfer of suits,

Unit 4: Joinder, non-joinder and mis-joinder of parties and causes of action

Unit 5: Service of Summon and Procedure thereafter.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mulla: The Code of Civil Procedure, Student Edition, The Arbitration and Conciliation Act,

1996

Subbarao, GVC.: Law of Specific Relief

5.9.3 ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND LAW

Unit 1: Environmental Pollution-Meaning, definition and kinds, sources and causes of environmental pollution, Effects of environment degradation, Historical background of environmental legislation, Environmental education, management policy and programme

Unit 2: General Law applicable to environmental violations:

- (a) Civil Law-The Constitutional Law of India-Preamble, Articles 21, 48-A and 51-A(g), The Code of Civil Procedure-Section 9 and Order 39, Rule 1 to 5 Law relating to trespass, negligence, strict liability reparion rights and prior nuisance, appropriation.
- (b) Penal Law-The Indian Penal Code, 1860-Sections 268, 277, 278, 304A, 336, 338, 425-428 and 430-432, The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, Sections 133 and 144; The Police Act-Sections 30, 32,34 and 363

Unit 3: The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

Unit 4: The Environment (Protection)Act, 1986

Aims and Objects; Definition; General powers of the Central Government

Prevention, Control and abatement of Environmental Pollution; Standards for Commission or discharge of pollutants

Unit 5: Protection of Natural Resources

> The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 and The Forest Conservation Act, 1984 Public Interest Litigation judicial activism pertaining to environmental pollution

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

VR. Krishna Iyer: Environmental Pollution and the Law Lall's Commentaries on Water and Air Pollution Laws Suresh Jain and Vimal Jain: Environmental Laws in India

Citizen Report, Published by the Centre for Science and Environment, New Delhi

Marudhar Mridul: Public Interest Litigation-A Profile The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.

The Air(Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act, 1981

The Environment (Protection)Act, 1986

The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 The Police Act, 1861

The Insecticide Act, 1961

The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 The Income Tax Act, 1961

The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1968

The Forest Conservation Act. 1980 Paras Diwan: Law and Environment

ILI Publication Editor Dr. S.N. Jain: Seminar Proceedings of Environment Protection Law

Rahimatulla Khan: Law, Science and Environment

M.C.J., Kagzi (Editor): Environmental Pollution and Law, Published by University Studies in Law, Jaipur

The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

The Indian Penal Code, 1980

5.9.4 ARBITRATION, CONCILIATION AND ALTERNATATIVE MECHANISM/COMPETITION ACT

- Unit 1: Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 : General provisions: Arbitration agreement; Arbitral Tribunal : Composition and Jurisdiction; Conduct of Arbitral Proceeding.
- Unit 2: Arbitral awards: Termination of proceedings, setting aside the Arbitral award; Enforcement of Artibral awards, Appeals; Code of ethics for Arbitrators.
- Unit 3: Enforcement of Foreign-awards; Geneva convention International arbitration institutions
- Unit 4: Conciliation: Conciliators, Procedure of Conciliation; Role of conciliator settlement Agreement; Termination of conciliation proceedings; Resort to arbitral and Judicial proceedings Negotiation and Conciliation Skills.
- Unit 5: Alternate Dispute Settlement system for Multinational Corporations, Indian Council of Arbitration: Recognition of its arbitration services; Settlement through Lok Adalats, Competition Act

SUGGESTED READINGS

The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

Baxi, P.M.: Arbitration Law

Avtar Singh: Law of Arbitration and Conciliation Publication of Indian Arbitration, New

Delhi

Competition Act.

5.9.5 DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCING

- Unit 1: Pleading: Meaning, Kinds; Fundamental principles of pleading and their exceptions, amendment of pleadings, alternate and inconsistent pleadings Doctrine of set-off: Legal set-off and equitable set-off
- Unit 2: Drafting of pleadings and Judgement writing
- Unit 3: Conveyancing: Meaning, General Rules of Conveyancing, Salient parts of conveyancing, rules relating to their drafting
- Unit 4: Drafting of Deeds: Partnership deed, mortgage by conditional sale, notice for eviction, writing of government contract
- Unit 5: Registration Act, Court Fee Act & Law relating to Suit Valuation.

B.A. LL.B/BBA LL.B.-X SEMESTER

5.10.1 PROPERTY LAW AND EASEMENT

- Unit 1: Ownership by estoppel, feeding the grant by estoppel, Doctrine of Part-performance, Sale of immovable property.
- Unit 2: Mortgage and Charge: Kinds of mortgage, Rights and liabilities of Mortgage and mortgagee, Priority, marshalling, contribution and subrogation
- Unit 3: Exchange, Lease, Gift, Actionable claims
- Unit 4: Easements: Essentials of Easements, Imposition, Acquisition, Incidents, Disturbance, Extinction, Suspension
- Unit 5: Revival of Easement, easement and customary rights, Kinds of Easement, Quasi easement, Easement and Prescriptive rights License, Difference between lease and License.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

The Transfer of Property Act (Act IV of 1882) as amended upto date Mulla:

Transfer of Property Act

Joshi: The Indian Easements Act (Act V of 1882)

Menon, A.D.: The Law of Property Sarthi, V.P.: Law of Transfer of Property Shukla, S.N.: Transfer of Property Act Saxena, LC.: Transfer of Property Act

5.10.2 CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LAW OF LIMITATION

- Unit 1: Attachment before judgement, Arrest before judgement.
- Unit 2: Execution in general: Courts by which decrees may be executed, powers of the court executing the decree.
- Unit 3: Transfer of decrees for Execution and Modes of Execution, Stay of Execution, Suits in particular cases (Orders xxix to xxxiii). Abatement of suits
- Unit 4: Temporary injunction and Appointment of Receiver, Appeals-Appeals against order and appeal against order and decree, Review. Revision and Reference
- Unit 5: The Limitation Act, 1963, Definitions, Relationship between limitation, laches, acquiscence, estoppel and res judicata; Limitation of suits, appeals and applications, disability,, computation of period of limitation

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mulla: The Code of Civil Procedure, Student Edition, The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

Subbarao, GVC.: Law of Specific Relief

5.10.3 TRADE LAW INCLUDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAWS

Unit 1: 1. Historical perspectives

United Nations: GATT, Evolution of New International Economic Order (NIEO), Essential components of NIEO, State acceptance and practice of NIEO principles.

2. Charter of Economic Rights and Duties

Sovereignty over wealth and natural resources, TNCS, Foreign investment, Transfer of technology, Elimination of colonalisation, apartheid, racial discrimination, Extension of tariff preferences, Most favoured nation treatment, North-south gap widened or narrowed.

Unit 2: 1. Institutions

UNCTAD (United Nations Conference on trade and Development), UNCITRAL, GATT, Objectives, Strengths and weaknesses, Salient features of GATT 1994 (Final Act of Urugway Round)

2. WTO

Structure, principles and working, Difference between GATT and WTO, Problems: Agriculture, Sanitary and phyto sanitary measures (SPS), Technical barriers of trade (TBT), Textiles and clothing, Anti-dumping, Customs valuation, Services, TRIPS, TRIMS, Disputes settlement, Labour, Transfer of technology, Trade facilitation, E-Commerce, Information and technology agreement, Special permission for developing and less developed countries, Trade and development committee, Balance of payment provisions in WTO, India and WTO.

Unit 3: 1. Trade in Goods

- 2. Trade related investment measures (TRIMS)
 Relationships with GATT, Inalienable rights of member countries.
- 3. General Agreements on Trade in Services (GATS) Principle: non-discrimination, Benefits to India.
- 4. Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS)
 Structure, Principles, Minimum Standards, Copy rights and related rights,
 Trade marks, Geographical indications, industrial designs, Patents,
 Undisclosed information, Anti competitive practice, Enforcement of IPR,
 Transparency, New issues.

Unit 4: 1. Dispute settlement

Judicial system: Dispute Settlement Board (BSB), Elements of the system, Prompt settlement, Balancing of rights and obligations, Objective of satisfactory settlements, Outcomes, Withdrawal of the measure – violation of WTO, Continuation of the measure with compensation for the loss suffered by the affected country, Continuation of the measures with retaliation by the affected country to make good the loss suffered by the

affected country, Special steps of DSB ad WTO Secretaries for developing countries, Process of settlement by DSB.

2. International Monitory Fund

Structure and functions, Concept of par value systems, Currency convertibility, Breakdown of par value system, Re-structuring of IMF.

Unit 5: 1. International Bank for Reconstruction and Development

Structure and functions, International financial co-operation, International development association, Lending by World Bank.

2. Regional Development Banks

Structure and functions, Asian Development Bank, Inter American Development Bank, Banking in relation to European Union.

3. Sustainable Development

The concept, Stockhom to Rio: developments of the concept, Right to development, Basic con ept, State acceptance and practice, UNCED (UN Commission on Environment and Development) report, Principles, Rio principles related to sustainable developments.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Bandari Surendra, World Trade Organization and Developing Countries (1995), Universal, Delhi Myneni Srinivasa Rao, International Economic Law (1996), Pioneer Books, New Delhi.

Arun Goyal (ed.), WTO in the new Millennium (2000), Academy of Business Studies, New Delhi-110002

Schwarzenberger, Economic World Order (1970 Manchester University Press.

Jayanta Bagchi, World Trade Organization : An Indian Perspective (2000), Eastern Law House, Calcutta.

J.G. Starke, Introduction to International Law (1989) Buttrworths

UNCED, Our Common Feature (1986), Oxford.

5.10.4 LAW RELATING TO CHILD, WOMEN AND GENDER JUSTICE

Unit 1: 1. International concerns and conventions

3. Women in India

Pre-independence period, Social and legal inequality, Social Reform, Movement in India, Karachi Congress – Fundamental Rights Resolution, Equality of Sexes.

4. Women in post independence India

Preamble of the Constitution: equality provisions in Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy, Personal laws – unequal position of women, Uniform Civil Code towards gender justice.

Unit 2: 1. Sex Inequality in inheritance Rights

Feudal institution of joint family – women's inheritance position, Hindu Law, Muslim Law, Matrimonial property, Movement towards Uniform Civil Code.

Unit 3: 1. Women participation in democratic government

Parliament, State Legislation, Local bodies

2. Women and Employment

Law relating to exploitation and harassment in work places

3. Protection and enforcement agencies

Courts, Family courts, Commission for women, NGOs.

4. Social Constitutional and International Legal Status of Child

Magnitude of the problem, Special Status of Child – national policies, Constitutional concern – Article 15(3), Article 24 and Article 45, International concern and endeavour for the welfare of the children, Minimum Age conventions, Child rights conventions, U.N. Declaration of the rights of the child 1924, 1959.

Unit 4: 1 Legal Control of Child Labour

Regulation of the employment: protection of the health and well-being, International conventions and recommendations of the ILO, Recommendations of the National Commission of Labour, Legislation relating to factories, plantation labour, mines, merchant shipping, motor transport workers, apprentices, shop & establishments and child labour.

2. Family Relations and Child

The status of a child in matters of marriage, legitimacy, guardianship, adoption, maintenance and custody, Provisions in the statutes relating to Hindu marriages, restraint on child marriage, guardians and wards, Hindu minority and guardianship, Hindu adoptions and maintenance and in the Indian Evidence Act 1872.

Unit 5: 1. Child and Criminal Liability

Protection of Children against sexual offences (POCSO) Act 2013

2. Discrimination Against Female Children

Amniocenthesis, Deferred infanticide through based nutritional discrimination, Termination of pregnancy. Pre-conception and pre-natal diagnosis techniques (Prohibition of sex selection)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Gandhi to the Women (ed. Hingorani) 1941, Position of Women, 12 Tean Down the Purdah p. 213, Young India 1918.

Jawaharlal Nehru thoughts on women-economic bondage of Indian women (Produced Memorial and Library)

7th Plan. Ch. 14 Socio economic programmes for women.

Relevant case Law

Revasia & Revasia, Women Social Justice & Human Rights (1998) PP.H. Publishing, New Delhi Ajnes, Flavia, Law as Gender inequality, N. Delhi, Oxford (1999)

Sumithra Vashnu V. Union of India 1985 SC 1618

42nd Report Law Commission, the Dissenting Note of Justice Anna Chandy on provision of adultery, p. 366.

Towards Equality – Report of the Committee on the Status of Women (Govt. of India), Chapters IV & Section IV General Conclusions & Recommendations.

Balram – Women workers the labour legislation in India 1984 (2) I.L.J. 1527.

Lotika Sarkar, The Law Commission of India (1988)

Indian Law Institute, Child and the Law (1979, S.N. Jain ed.)

U.Baxi, Law and Poverty: Critical Essay (1988), Eastern, Lucknow.

5.10.5 BANKING LAW

Unit 1: 1. Introduction:

Banking: definition-common law and statutory, Commercial banks: functions, Essential functions, Agency services, General utility services, International trading service, Information services, Emergence of multi functional dimensions, Systems of Banking: Unit banking, branch banking, group banking and chain banking, Banking companies in India.

Unit 2: 1. Banks and Customers:

Customer: Meaning, Legal character of banker-customer relationship, Rights and obligations of banks, Right of set-off, Banker's lien, Right to charge interest and commission, Obligation to honour customers' cheques, Duty of confidentiality, Nature and justification of the duty, Exceptions to the duty, Garnishee orders, Accounts of customers, Current Accounts, Deposit Accounts, Joint Accounts, Trust Accounts, special types of customers:-Lunatics, minors, agents, administrators and executors, partnership firms and companies.

2. Control over Banks

Control by Government and its agencies, Need for – elimination of systemic risk, avoidance money laundering, consumer protection, promotion of fair competition on management, On account and audit, On money lending, Reorganization and reconstruction, On suspension and winding up, Control by Ombudsman, RBI.

Unit 3: Control Banking Theory and the RBI

Evolution of Central Banks, Characteristics and functions of central banks, Central bank as banker and adviser of the State, Central bank as banker's bank, the Reserve Bank of India as central bank in India, Objectives and organizational structure, Functions, Regulations of the monetary system, Monopoly of note issue, Credit control, Determination of bank rate policy, Open market operations, Banker to government, Control over Nonbanking financial institutions, economic and statistical research, Staff training, Control and supervision of other banks.

Unit 4: Lending by Banks

Principles of good lending, Securities for bank advances, pledge, mortgage, charge, goods or documents of title to goods, life insurance policies as security, debentures as security, guarantees as security, contract of guarantee and contract of indemnity, kinds of guarantees: specific & continuing, surety's rights and liabilities, Repayment, Interest: Rule against penalties, Default and Recovery, Recovery of Debts Due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act 1993, Establishment of; debt recovery tribunals-constitution and functioning.

Unit 5: 1. Merchant Banking

Merchant Banking in India, SEBI (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.

2. Letter of Credit and Demand Guarantee

Letter of Credit, Basic features, Parties to a letter of credit, Fundamental principles, Demand Guarantee, Legal character, Distinction between irrevocable letter of credit and demand guarantees.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

M.S. Parthasarathy (Ed.), Kherganvala on the Negotiable Instruments Act (1998) Buterworth, New Delhi.

M.L. Tannen, Tannen's Banking law and Practice in India, (2000) India Law House, New Delhi.

S.N. Gupta, The Banking Law in Theory and Practice, (1999) Universal, New Delhi.

G.S.N. Tripathi (Ed.) Sethi's Commentaries on Banking Regulation Act 1949 and Allied Banking Laws (2000) Law Publishers, Allahabad.

Bashyam and Adiga, The Negotiable Instruments Act (1997) Bharath Law House, New Delhi S.N. Gupta, Banks and the Consumer Protection Law (2000) Universal, Delhi.

Mukherjee. T.K., Banking Law and Practice (1999), Universal, Delhi.

5.10.6 LAW OF TAXATION (INCOME TAX) AND MONEY LAUNDERING ACT

INCOME TAX ACT

- Unit 1: Basic concept: Assessment year, Previous year, Person, Assessee, Income, Agricultural Income, Casual Income, Capital Asset, Charitable purpose, Total Income, Gross Total Income, step system and slab system
- Unit 2: Basic concept of Capital and Revenue, Avoidance of tax and tax evasion, Income tax authorities. Residential; status and Tax Incidence Exemptions and deductions of Income
- Unit 3: Income under the Head `Salaries' Income from House Property, Income of other persons included in Assessee's Total income
- Unit 4: Profits and Gains of Business or Profession, Depreciation allowance, Capital Gains, Income from other sources, Set off and carry forward of losses
- Unit 5: Return of Income, Assessment and Re-assessment, Assessment of Firms and Partners and Penalties offences and prosecution under this Act, Appeal and revision, the Prevention of Money Laundering Act 2005

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Bhattacharyan, S.: Income Tax Act Acts amended up-to-date Lakhotia, R.N.: Indian Income Tax Law and Practice and Practice of Income Tax in India

Saxena, A.K.: Law on Income Tax in India

Gaur, K.D.: Tax Offences, Black Money and Law

Prevention of Money Laundering Act 2005

Vinod Singhania : Direct Taxes Kailash Rai : Taxation Laws

Bhattacharyan, S.: Income Tax Act Acts amended up-to-date Lakhotia, R.N.: Indian Income Tax Law

and Practice and Practice of Income Tax in India Saxena, A.K.: Law on Income Tax in India

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